UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549
FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Date of report (Date of earliest event reported): June 13, 2022



ATHENE HOLDING LTD.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

001 3706

(Commission file number)

98-0630022

(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

Bermuda (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

Second Floor, Washington House 16 Church Street Hamilton, HM 11, Bermuda (441) 279-8400

(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of registrant's principal executive offices)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

- □ Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- □ Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- □ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- □ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbols	Name of each exchange on which registered
Depositary Shares, each representing a 1/1,000 th interest in a 6.35% Fixed-to-Floating Rate Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference Share, Series A	ATHPrA	New York Stock Exchange
Depositary Shares, each representing a 1/1,000 th interest in a 5.625% Fixed Rate Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference Share, Series B	ATHPrB	New York Stock Exchange
Depositary Shares, each representing a 1/1,000 th interest in a 6.375% Fixed-Rate Reset Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference Share, Series C	ATHPrC	New York Stock Exchange
Depositary Shares, each representing a 1/1,000 th interest in a 4.875% Fixed-Rate Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference Share, Series D	ATHPrD	New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company □

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. \Box

Item 7.01. Regulation FD Disclosure.

In connection with the previously announced Retirement Services Business Update event to be hosted on June 13, 2022 by Apollo Global Management, Inc., the parent company of Athene Holding Ltd. (the "Company"), the Company has made available to investors a presentation on the Company's website. The presentation is furnished as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report on Form 8-K and is incorporated herein by reference.

With respect to future presentations to be made available to investors, the Company intends to satisfy its disclosure obligations under Rule 100(a) of Regulation FD for such presentations by posting them to its website at www.athene.com and providing public notice of the availability of such presentations.

The foregoing information, including the Exhibit referenced in this Item 7.01, is being furnished pursuant to this Item 7.01 and shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that Section, nor shall it be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing or other document pursuant to the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, regardless of any general incorporation language in such filing or document, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such a filing or document.

Item 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d)	Exhibits
Exhibit No.	Description
99.1	Retirement Services Business Update Presentation, dated June 13, 2022 (furnished and not filed).
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document).

SIGNATURES

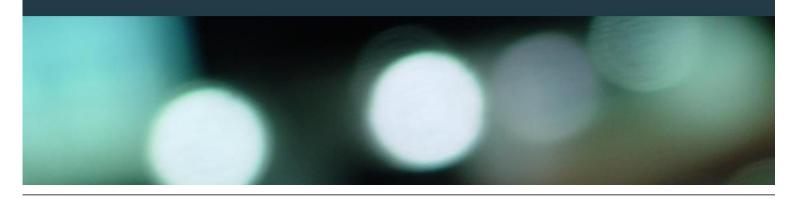
Pursuant	to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be sig	ned on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.
		ATHENE HOLDING LTD.
Date:	June 13, 2022	/s/ Martin P. Klein
		Martin P. Klein

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

APOLLO

June 13, 2022

RETIREMENT SERVICES Business Update



Forward-Looking Statements and Important Disclosures

This presentation has been prepared by Apollo Global Management, Inc., a Delaware corporation. ("HoldCo" and together with its subsidiaries, "Apollo," "we," "us," "our" and the "Company"), solely for informational purposes for its public stockholders in connection with evaluating the business, operations and financial results of Apollo, including Athene Holding Ltd., a Bermuda exempted company (together with its subsidiaries, "Athene").

Information contained herein is as of March 31, 2022 unless otherwise noted, including information and data labeled "2022", "Current", "Today" and similar labeled content. This presentation is not complete and the information contained herein may change at any time without notice.

Apollo Safe Harbor for Forward-Looking Statements

This presentation may contain forward-looking statements that are within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). These statements include, but are not limited to, discussions related to Apollo's expectations regarding the performance of its business, liquidity and capital resources and the other non-historical statements. These forward-looking statements are based on management's beliefs, as well as assumptions made by, and information currently available to, management When used in this presentation, the words "believe," anticipate," restrinate," respect, "intender," rappet," orgal," routlook," or future or conditional verbs, such as "will," "should," "could," or "may," and variations of such words or similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements are treasonable, it can give no assurance that these expectations will prove to be correct. These statements are subject to certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions, including risks relating to the impact of COVID-19, the impact of energy market dislocation, market conditions and interest rate fluctuations generally, our ability to manage our growth, our ability to operate in highly competitive environments, the performance of the funds we manage, our ability to arise new funds, the variability of our revenues, earnings and cash flow, our dependence on certain key personnel, the accuracy of management's assumptions and estimates, our use of leverage to finance our businesses and investments by the funds we manage, Althere's ability to maintain or improve financial strength ratings, the impact of Athene's reinsurers failing to meet their assumed obligations, Athere's ability to manage its business in a highly regulated industry, changes in our regulatory environment and tax status, litigation risks and our ability to reach the section entitled "fisik Factors" in the Company's Quarterly Report on Form

Athene Safe Harbor for Forward-Looking Statements

This presentation contains, and certain oral statements made by Athene's representatives from time to time may contain, forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Such statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions that could cause actual results, events and developments to differ materially from those set forth (no, or implied by, such statements. These statements are based on the beliefs and assumptions of Athene's subsidiaries, Generally, forward-looking statements include actions, events, results, strategies and expectations and are often identifiable by use of the words "believes," "expects," "intends," "anticipates," "plans," "seeks," "estimates," "projects," "may," "will," "could," "might," or "continues" or similar expressions. Forward looking statements within this presentation include, but are not limited to, benefits to be derived from Athene's capital allocation decisions; the anticipated performance of Athene's sportfolio in certain recessionary environments; the performance of Athene's business; the magnitude of potential future growth in invested assets; general economic onditions; the failure to realize economic benefits from the merger with Apolio; expected future operating results; Athene's liquidity and capital resources; and other non-historical statements. Although the Athene management believes that the expectations reflected in these forward-looking statements are reasonable, it can give no assurance that these expectations will prove to be correct. For a discussion of other risks and uncertainties related to Athene's forward-looking statements, see its annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021 and quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed for the period ended March 31, 2022, which can be found at the SEC's website at www.sec.gov. All forward-looking statements described herein

The contents of any website referenced in this presentation are not incorporated by reference.

This presentation contains information regarding Apollo's and Athene's financial results that is calculated and presented on the basis of methodologies other than in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("non-GAAP measures"). Refer to slides at the end of this presentation for the definitions of Adjusted Segment Income ("ASI"), Fee Related Earnings ("FRE"), Spread Related Earnings ("SRE"), Principal Investing Income ("PII"), and other non-GAAP measures to the applicable non-GAAP financial measures to the applicable non-GAAP measures.

This presentation is for informational purposes only and not intended to and does not constitute an offer to subscribe for, buy or sell, the solicitation of an offer to subscribe for, buy or sell or an invitation to subscribe for, buy or sell any securities, products or services, including interests in the funds, webicles or accounts sponsored or managed by Apollo (each, an "Apollo Fund"), any capital markets services offered by Apollo, or any security of Athene, nor shall there be any sale, issuance or transfer of securities in any jurisdiction in contravention of applicable law.

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Forward-Looking Statements and Important Disclosures

Apollo makes no representation or warranty, express or implied, as to the fairness, accuracy, reasonableness or completeness of the information contained herein, including, but not limited to, information obtained from third parties. Unless otherwise specified, information included herein is sourced from and reflects the views and opinions of Apollo Analysts. Certain information contained in these materials has been obtained from sources other than Apollo. While such information is believed to be reliable for purposes used herein, no representations are made as to the accuracy or completeness thereof and Apollo does not take any responsibility for such information. This presentation may contain trade names, trademarks and service marks of companies which (i) neither Apollo nor Apollo Funds own or (ii) are investments of Apollo or one or more Apollo Funds. We do not intend our use or display of these companies' trade names, trademarks or service marks to imply a relationship with, or endorsement or sponsorship of us by, such companies. Certain information contained in the presentation discusses general market activity, industry or sector trends, or other broad-based economic, market or political conditions and should not be construed as research or investment advice. This presentation is not complete and the information contained herein is not intended to provide, and should not be relied upon for, accounting, legal or tax advice or investment advocable and a provided in the presentation is not contained herein is not intended to provide, and should not be relied upon for, accounting, legal or tax advice or investment recommendations.

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future results and there can be no assurance that Apollo, Athene or any Apollo Fund or strategy will achieve comparable results, or that any investments made by Apollo in the future will be profitable. Actual realized value of currently unrealized investments will depend on, among other factors, future operating results, the value of the assets and market conditions at the time of disposition, any related transaction costs and the timing and manner of sale, all of which may differ from the assumptions and circumstances on which the current unrealized valuations are based. Accordingly, the actual realized values of unrealized investments may differ materially from the values indicated herein.

Information contained herein may include information with respect to prior investment performance of one or more Apollo funds or investments, including gross and/or net internal rates of return ("IRR"). Information with respect to prior performance, while a useful tool in evaluating investment activities, is not necessarily indicative of actual results that may be achieved for unrealized investments. The realization of such performance is dependent upon many factors, many of which are beyond the control of Apollo. Aggregated return information is not reflective of an investable product, and as such does not reflect he returns of any Apollo Fund.

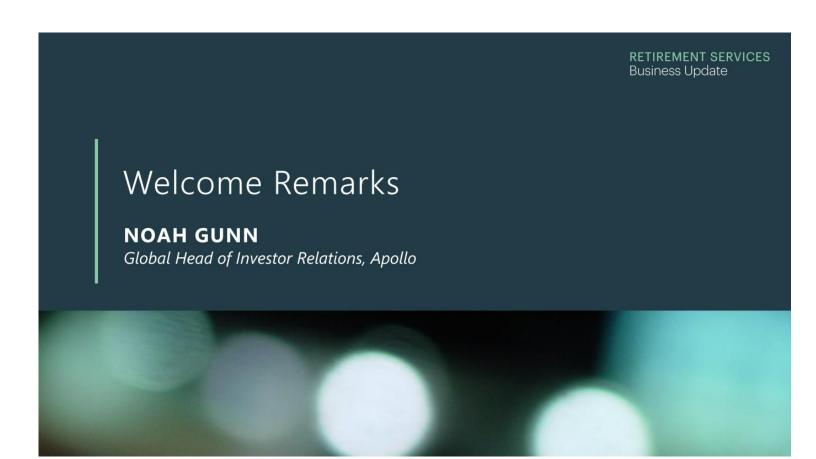
Please refer to the slides at the end of this presentation for additional important information

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

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Retirement Services Business Update – Agenda

TIME	TOPIC	PRESENTER	ROLE
9:00AM-10:25AM	Welcome Remarks	Noah Gunn	Apollo Global Head of Investor Relations
	Business Overview & Investment Philosophy	Jim Belardi	Athene Chairman, Chief Executive Officer, & Chief Investment Office
	Growth Engine	Grant Kvalheim	Athene President & Athene USA Chief Executive Officer
	Liability Underwriting & Risk Profile	Mike Downing	Athene Chief Operating Officer & Chief Actuary
	Asset Risk Framework & Stress Results	Doug Niemann	Athene Chief Risk Officer
5 MINUTE BREAK			
10:30AM-12:15PM	Asset Class Spotlight: Structured Credit	Bret Leas	Apollo Partner, Structured Credit
	Asset Class Spotlight: Commercial Real Estate	Scott Weiner	Apollo Partner, Commercial Real Estate
	Financial Overview & Capital Management	Marty Klein	Athene Chief Financial Officer
	Apollo's Winning Model	Martin Kelly	Apollo Chief Financial Officer
	Q&A	Marc Rowan and Presenters	Apollo Chief Executive Officer and Management Team



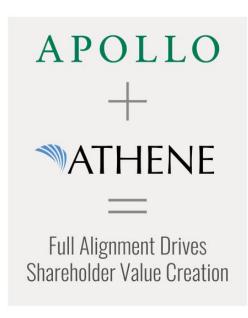
Athene Has Continued to Thrive Amid Merger with Apollo



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Merger Benefits Are Even Clearer and More Tangible





- Owning Asset Origination
- Better Client Proposition
- New Product Opportunities
- Increased Internal Collaboration
- Enhanced Capital Efficiency & Flexibility

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Today's Presentation Will Illuminate a Variety of Investor Focus Areas Regarding Athene



Sensitivity to Credit Cycle Sensitivity to Interest Rates Characteristics of Funding

Capital Intensity





Well Positioned with Excess Capital and Resilient Portfolio

Positive Earnings Driver

Very Sticky with Limited Risk Well Capitalized and Increasingly Efficient with Third-Party Capital

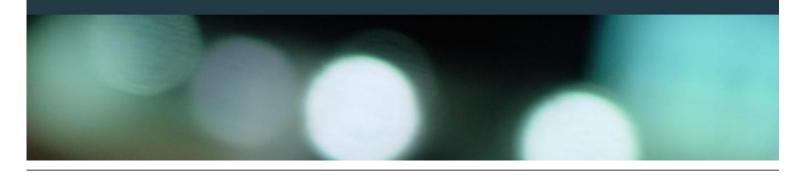
APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022



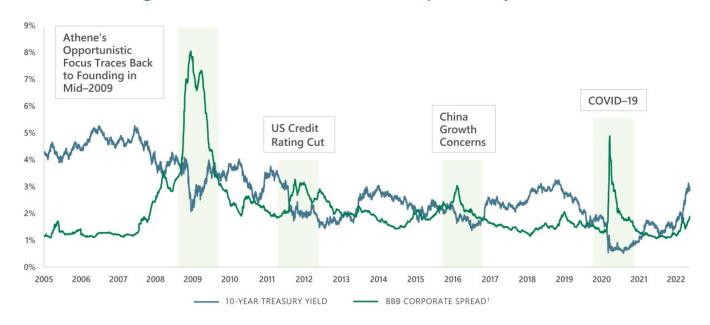
Business Overview & Investment Philosophy

JIM BELARDI

Chairman, Chief Executive Officer, & Chief Investment Officer, Athene



Athene Was Established Amid Financial Dislocation and Has Navigated the Past Decade Exceptionally Well



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Athene and Apollo Have Achieved Many Milestones Together



Notes: Financial services companies depicted above are examples of current or former investments by Apollo or portfolio companies of investment funds managed by Apollo. Ratings represent Financial Strength Ratings for Athene's primary insurance subsidiaries

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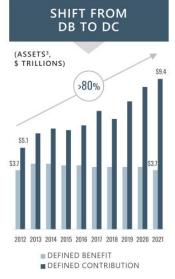
Retirement Services Benefitting From Strong Secular Tailwinds

DEMOGRAPHICS TAILWINDS



people aged 65+ in the world by 2050; 2x 2019 level¹







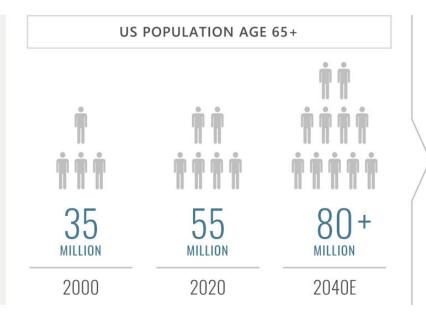
alone

1. Survey from United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs. 2, 10-Year Treasury yield as of December 31, 2021. 3, Congressional Research Service: "US Retirement Assets: Amounts in Pensions and IRAs."

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We Serve a Growing, and Increasingly Underprepared, Retirement Population

Athene issues, reinsures, and acquires retirement savings products designed for the increasing number of individuals and institutions seeking to fund retirement needs

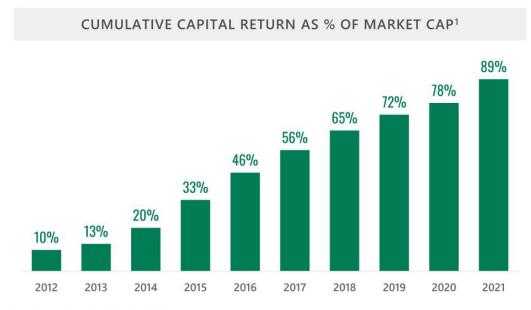


~\$4
TRILLION

ESTIMATED
SAVINGS
SHORTFALL

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, Deloitte Insights:
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The Industry Has Returned ~90% of Market Cap to Shareholders Over the Last Decade...



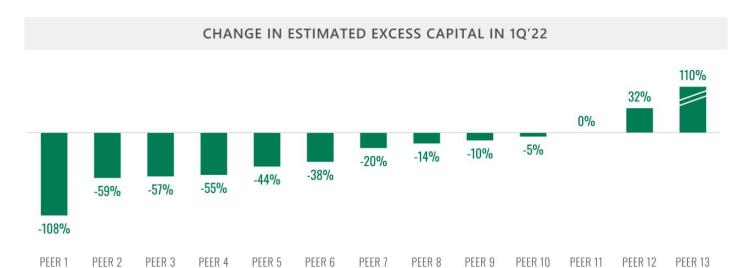
"Having a large share buyback has essentially become table stakes for U.S. life insurers, with capital return being the primary, if not the only, factor investors care about for many companies. However, while the financial math looks compelling, buybacks have done little to help valuations, and lack of real growth is an issue for the sector."

Autonomous Research,
 October 2021

1. Source: Capital IQ. Insurers include AEL, AIG, LNC, MET, PFG, PRU, and VOYA.

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...Potentially Leaving Them Exposed in Times of Stress



Source Autonomous Research, Note: When calculating 1Q22 excess capital, using YE21 TAC / CAL except when companies have explicitly disclosed 1Q22 figures. Peer group includes CNO, INC, BHF, RGA, VOYA, PFG, MET, UNM, GI, AMP, AFL, AEL, and PRU. For BHF, assuming holding company liquidity target maintained at ~5800 million. For RGA, estimated using disclosed AGM liquidity above the mid-point of targeted \$700.4800 million range. For PFG, pro-forma for \$800 million of FAySGU reinsurance deal proceeds and \$300 million of debt that management intends to paydown in 2022. For MET, pro-forma for \$700 million of recer/Poland disposal proceeds. For GI, pro-forma for \$100 million of \$100 million debt that management intends to paydown in 2022. For MET, pro-forma for \$300 million of targeted \$700.4800 million of targeted \$700.4800 million of targeted \$700.4800 million of targeted \$700.4800 million of targeted bed that management intends to paydown in 2022. For MET, pro-forma for \$700 million of targeted \$700.4800 million of

PEER 8

PEER 9

PEER 10

PEER 11

PEER 12

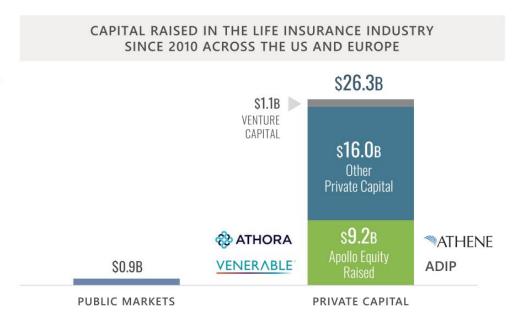
PEER 6

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PEER 4

"Private" Sources Are Providing the Capital Backstop for Retirees

- We seek to provide excess return per unit of risk and can broaden the universe of attractive fixed income assets to support retirees
- Retirement services clients have significant, consistent demand for risk-adjusted yield assets across market cycles making them predictable clients that are not dependent on a fundraising cycle



Source: Barclays, SNL Financial, Apollo Analysts.

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

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Athene is Very Well Capitalized



Financial Strength¹
Rating by S&P & Fitch
"A" by AM Best

\$20B

Regulatory² Capital \$3.3B

Excess³ Equity Capital

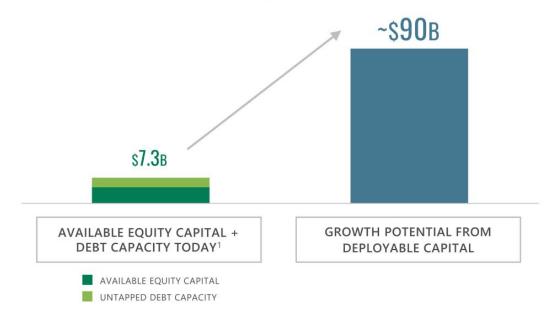
\$7.3B

Total Deployable⁴ Capital

Data is as of March 31, 2022. 1. Relates to Athere's primary insurance subsidiaries; represents ratings from AM Best "X", Fitch "he". 2. Represents the aggregate capital of Athere's US and Bermudal insurance entities, determined with respect to each insurance entities, estermined by our internal capital model. 4. Includes excess equit capital of \$3.3 billion, untapped debt capacity of \$2.9 billion, and \$1.1 billion of available undrawn third-party ACRA/ADIP capacity, Untapped debt capacity assumes capacity of 25% debt to capitalization and is subject to general availability and favorable market conditions.

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Athene's Substantial Available Capital = Embedded Growth



1. For Althene, available equity capital (inclusive of excess capital and uncommitted capital in ADIP) and debt capacity as of March 31, 2022. Untapped debt capacity assumes capacity of 25% debt to capitalization and is subject to general availability and favorable market condition APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

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Athene's Business Is Simple

PREMIER SPREAD LENDER MATCHING HIGH-QUALITY ASSETS THROUGH APOLLO WITH LOW-COST & LONG-TERM FUNDING

What does Athene do?



ATHENE GENERATES INFLOWS

By providing a suite
of principal protected
investment
products to the
retirement market



INVESTS WITH APOLLO

In a high-quality resilient portfolio optimized for riskadjusted return



KEEPS SPREAD ABOVE FUNDING COST

Resulting in **strong growth** in spread related earnings

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Athene's Balance Sheet is Straightforward



Note: Data as of March 31, 2022. Spread-based fiabilities equal to gross reserve fiabilities. Equity equal to adjusted AHL common shareholder's equity, ACRA non-controlling interest, and preferred equity. Gross invested assets of \$222 billion includes \$184 billion of net invested assets associated with ADIP.

1. 9% of AF Sinder maturity securities, including releted party and ACRA non-controlling interest, designated NAC 1 or 2. 2. Other, net includes all other assets as defined by GAAP excluding gross invested fixed income and alternative assets, less other liabilities including debt and accumulated other comprehensive income.

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

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Athene Generates Attractive Net Spread

UNDERWRITTEN SPREAD ON RECENT NEW BUSINESS (MAY YTD)

	1-177	1-1
Asset Yield	4.3%	~30bps better vs others, net of fees¹
Cost of Funds	3.0%	Disciplined and dynamic pricing
Operating Expenses	0.2%	~30bps more efficient OpEx vs others²
Net Spread	1.1%	
Implied ROE	Mid-teens	~300bps better vs others³

Note: Industry comparison noted as "others" represent a weighted average of AEL, AFG, LNC. MassMutual, MET, PRU, and PFG for the 5 years 2017 to 2021. Source: SNL Financial, Company Filings.

1. Net asset yield calculated based on average statutory investment yield on bonds and mortgages disclosed in annual U.S. life insurance statutory filings. Statutory investment yield reduced for each company's respective investment fees and expenses approximated by taking annual GAAP investment expenses divided by average GAAP invested assets. Athere's stat investment yield was adjusted to include assets in estimated and superage unalises, and to back out the impact of the larger Lincoln and Jackson National block trades during their respective 12 months deployment periods. 2. General and administrative expenses activately general as administrative expenses entains calculated as U.S. statutory general & administrative expenses and statutory

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

What Do You Need to Understand About This Business?

PREDICTABLE, STABLE, AND GROWING OVER THE PAST 13 YEARS

Key to Success is Asset Yield

With fixed funding costs, a spread model relies on consistent asset management

Consistency Over Heroism

We target only ~30-40 basis points of outperformance

Quality & Transparency

Full clarity
on Athene's
portfolio and
stress scenarios
published annually

Predictable Liabilities

Stable liabilities with recurring spread predictable on day one

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

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Athene's Team is One of the Industry's Strongest

Experienced Senior Leadership

In Addition To...



BELARDI Chief Executive Officer & Chief Investment



Vice Chairman



President Athene CEO Athene USA



EVP, Chief Financial Officer

1,450+ TEAM MEMBERS

Deep Bench of Talented Executives Across the Business



SEAN BRENNAN Pension Group Annuities & Flow Reinsurance



KRISTI KAYE BURMA Human Resources



KATIE DALY EVP, Corporate Development



MIKE DOWNING EVP, Chief Operating Officer & Chief Actuary



EVP, Chief Information



RANDY EPRIGHT JOHN GOLDEN



CHRIS GRADY EVP, Retail Sales General Counsel



DOUG NIEMANN EVP, Chief Risk



REBECCA TADIKONDA EVP, Strategy and Innovation



CHRIS WELP EVP, Insurance Operations

Note: Headcount as of March 31, 2022.

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Apollo Provides Strategic Advantages to Athene

APOLLO

MATHENE

FULLY ALIGNED RELATIONSHIP ALLOWS FOR LONG-TERM OUTPERFORMANCE

Portfolio Management, Asset Origination, & Structuring

30+ Year Investment Track Record

Capital Raising (ADIP)

DIFFERENTIATED ASSET MANAGEMENT

Capital Markets Support

Asset-Liability Match Management & Advisory / Operational Support

M&A Sourcing, Diligence, & Support

Leading Retirement Services Franchise

Consistent Demand for Yield Across Market Cycles

DIFFERENTIATED NET SPREAD

Capacity to Fund Strategic Alt Investments & New Funds

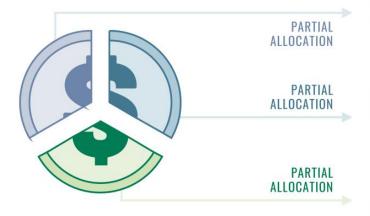
Insurance Expertise and Alignment to Support Third-Party LPs

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Full Alignment Amplifies Profitability Potential of Asset Origination

ORIGINATED ASSETS HAVE MULTIPLE HOMES

ORIGINATED ASSET



Retirement Services Balance Sheets

- · Perpetual capital
- · Self-funding growth
- Attractive economics (fees + spread)

Third-Party Commingled or Managed Accounts

- Excess return for institutional and global wealth clients
- · Established capital base
- · Market economics

Capital Solutions

- · Syndication and distribution
- · Allows for larger deal sizes
- · Establish new relationships
- Ability to earn attractive fees as a large participant

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Athene Outperforms on Numerous Key Metrics



^{1.} Althere metrics are net of non-controlling interest in ACRA, as of March 31, 2022. AA-/A+ Rated Companies metrics as of March 31, 2022 or latest available per SNL Financial. AA-/A+ Rated Companies are: PFG (A+), MET (AA-) GL (AA-), and PRU (AA-). 2. Refers to adjusted debt-to-capital ratio as of March 31, 2022. AA-/A+ Rated Companies metrics as

Organic Growth Capability is Market Leading

ORGANIC INFLOWS BY CHANNEL (\$B)



Athene is a Market Leader Across US Organic Inflow Channels

RETAIL **ANNUITIES**

#1 Market Share for Fixed Index Annuity Issuance in 2020 and 20211

PENSION GROUP ANNUITIES

#1 Market Share in 2020 and 20211

FUNDING AGREEMENTS

#1 Market Share in 2021²

FLOW REINSURANCE

#1 Market Share in 2020³

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Athene Prices to a Target Spread Regardless of Market Backdrop

PROFITABLE ORGANIC GROWTH IN DIFFERENT INTEREST RATE ENVIRONMENTS

	2018 "Higher Rate Environment"	2020 "Lower Rate Environment"	1Q'22 "Current Environment"	△ from 2018 to Current
Average 10-Year US Treasury Yield	2.9%	0.9%	2.0%	(90) bps
Gross Organic Inflows	\$13.2B	\$27.5B	\$11.6B	250%³
Underwritten Net Spread on Organic Inflows ¹ (ROA)	1.1%	1.1%	1.1%	Stable
Мето				
Normalized Spread Related Earnings ²	\$1,380M —		→ ~\$1,950M³	+41%

^{1.} Represents pre-tax net spread. 2. Normalized Spread Related Earnings reflects net investment spread adjusted to exclude notable items and normalized alternative income to an 11% long-term return, net of offsets. 3. Annualized based on 10/22 results APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

High Returns Attract Third-Party Capital to Finance Growth

IN 2019, AN INNOVATIVE SIDECAR WAS FORMED TO SUPPORT ATHENE'S CONTINUED GROWTH

APOLLO/ATHENE DEDICATED INVESTMENT PROGRAM (ADIP)

\$3.2B

/

First sidecar of its kind in the industry

\$2.1B

/

Direct equity capital to support Athene's growth

Mid-Teens
TARGETED NET IRR



Greater third-party participation & capital efficiency for Athene STRONG INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE FOR ADIP I

POSITIONED FOR A STRONG ADIP II FUNDRAISE

Note: As of March 31, 2022.

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Athene Has a Disciplined Investment Philosophy



Target higher and sustainable risk-adjusted returns by capturing illiquidity premia to drive consistent yield outperformance



Focus on downside protection given long-dated liability profile and low cost of funding



Dynamic asset allocation to take advantage of market dislocations



Differentiation driven by proprietary asset origination and greater asset expertise

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

High-Quality Asset Portfolio Generates Excess Return



94%

invested in fixed income or cash

6%

of invested assets in differentiated alternatives

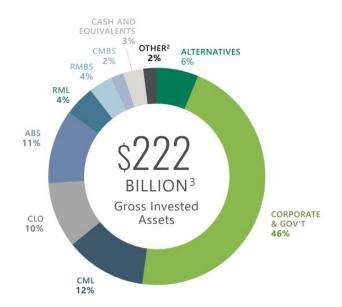
95%

AFS fixed maturity securities rated investment grade¹

✓ RESILIENT

✓ HIGH GRADE

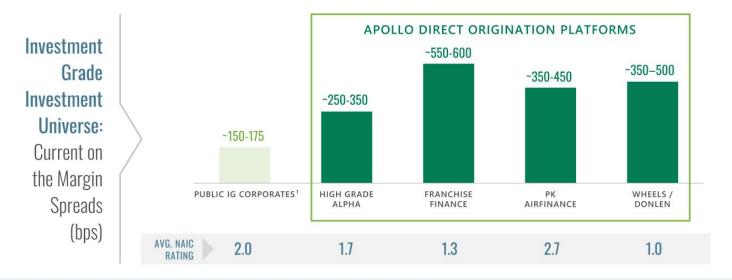
✓ STRESS TESTED



^{1.} Investment Grade is defined as designated NAIC categories 1 and 2 for AFS securities as of March 31, 2022. 2. "Other" includes accrued income, equity securities, policy loans, and short-term investments 3. Gross invested assets of \$222 billion includes \$184 billion of net invested assets and \$38 billion of assets associated with ADIP.

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Manufacturing Asset Spread in a Low Spread World

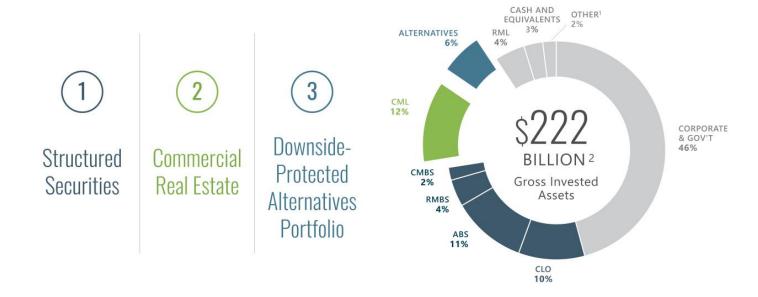


Apollo direct origination platforms systematically originate IG assets at ~100-200bps higher spreads than broadly syndicated markets

1. Illustrative spreads based on market prices observed for BBB corporates (IG) as of March 2022

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Tactical Areas of Differentiation Within Athene's Asset Portfolio



33

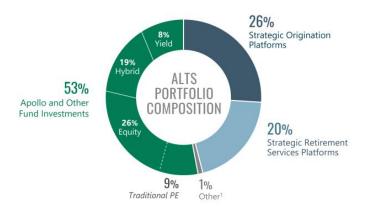
stments. 2. Gross invested assets of \$222 billion includes \$184 billion of net invested assets and \$38 billion of assets associated with ADIP

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Portfolio Spotlight: Alternative Investments

HIGHLY DIVERSIFIED AND STRATEGIC

- \$11.5 billion alternatives portfolio accounts for 6% of net invested assets
- Strategic deployment to seed and co-invest in Apollo funds, continue building Apollo's front-end origination ecosystem, and invest in the retirement services marketplace



Direct Investments in Origination &

Other Retirement Services Businesses

DOWNSIDE PROTECTED

Apollo & Other Fund Investments

- Investing strategies spanning yield, hybrid, and equity
- Significant alignment with GP and highly diversified
- Direct, high-yielding, stable investments
- Asset Originators: MidCap, Wheels/Donlen, Foundation Home Loans, among others
- Strategic Investments: Athora, Venerable, Challenger, FWD, among others

Note: Yield, Hybrid, and Equity buckets include 3rd party investments. 1. Includes CLO equities and royalties. APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

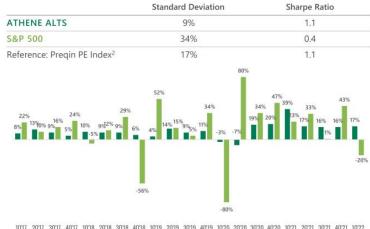
Athene's Alts Portfolio Performance Has Been Strong and Durable





Historical Alt Investment Performance 1

HISTORICAL RETURNS HAVE BEEN LESS VOLATILE THAN THE EQUITY MARKET



1017 2017 3017 4017 1018 2018 3018 4018 1019 2019 3019 4019 1020 2020 3020 4020 1021 2021 3021 4021 1022

ATHENE ALTS RETURN (ANNUALIZED) 1.3 S&P 500 RETURN (ANNUALIZED)

1. Alternatives performance is presented net of investment management fees and quarterly results are annualized. 2. Preqin PE Index presented as of September 30, 2021 3. Prior to 1Q22 the alternatives portfolio performance lag was more pronounced ~50/50 vs today only ~10% of the portfolio is reported on a lag APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

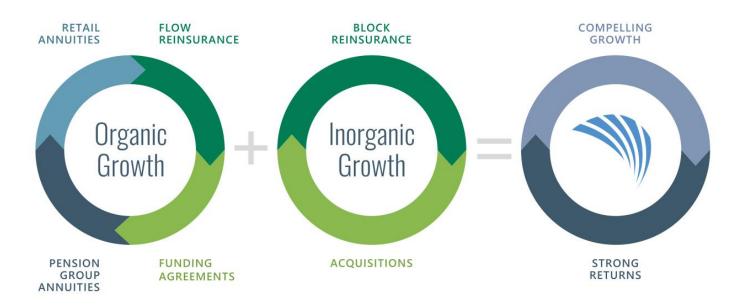
Key Observations of Athene's Business



APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

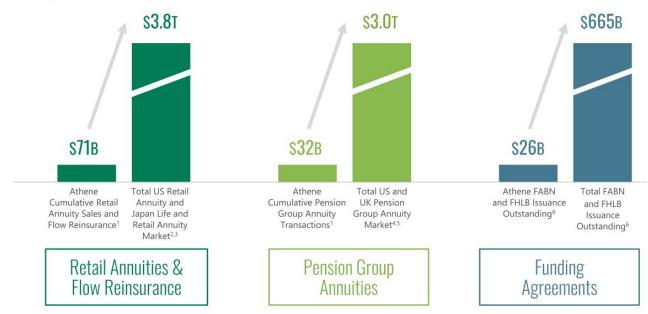


Athene Has Various Channels From Which to Generate Inflows



APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Vast Opportunity in Current Markets



Note: Not shown to scale for illustrative purposes

1. Cumulative inflows since inception for PGA, since 2014 for Retail and for Flow Reinsquare, 2. U.S Fixed Annulities and Fixed Indicates combined \$1.2 trillion represents US general account annulities reported on US statutory statements as of year, euror 2020 as against gain of Variety of Trillion of 10 Present of Variety statements and \$2.5 trillion of Upresent of Cumulatative industries of Surger and Variety of Variety statements as of year, euror 2020 as against gain of Variety of Varie

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Diversity of Organic Channels Allows For The Ability to Pivot

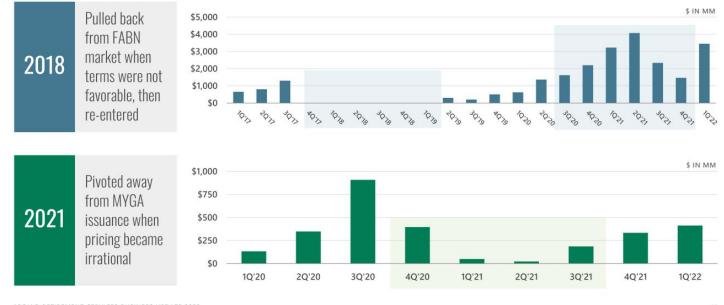
2021 NEW BUSINESS¹

	VOLUMES	EST. MARKET SHARE	MARKET RANK	CLIENT	
Retail	\$8.8B	Fixed Indexed Annuity (FIA): Multi-Year Guaranteed Annuity (MYGA): Registered Index-Linked Annuity (RILA):	d Annuity (MYGA): 1.1%		Retail Customers (via third-party agents)
Flow Reinsurance	\$2.6B	22% ²	#22	Other Insurers	
Funding Agreements	\$11.8B	19%	#1	Capital Markets/ Fixed Income Managers	
Pension Group Annuities	\$13.8B	36%	#1	Corporations	
TOTAL	\$37.0B				

1. US Pension Group Annuity (PGA) and Retail market volumes from LIMRA. Funding Agreement volumes from Credit Suisse. 2. Based on the annual regulatory reports filed by US insurance companies for 2021, excluding payouts and PGA from the reinsurance market APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Athene Prioritizes Pricing Discipline Across Channels

NEW BUSINESS DECISIONS ARE BASED ON TARGET RETURN CHARACTERISTICS, NOT VOLUME



APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Retail Annuities

BUSINESS HIGHLIGHTS

- · Athene is the leading fixed indexed annuity issuer
- Broad range of products developed for needs of distribution channels and retirement strategies, with focus on fixed indexed annuities
- Product differentiation through custom index construction
- Structured Products Intelligence (SPi) Awards:
 - Best Carrier 2021
 - FIA of the Year 2021
 - Index of the Year 2021

VALUE PROPOSITION

- Tailored annuity offerings capitalize on secular demand for yield and income protection for retirees
- Continued focus on consumer value and product diversification by offering non-commoditized products

RETAIL ANNUITY INFLOWS (SB)



APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Athene's Retail Products Offer Downside Protected Returns in a Tax-Efficient Format

PRODUCT	% OF RETAIL INFLOWS ¹	DURATION	ILLUSTRATIVE RETURN PROFILE	KEY CHARACTERISTICS
Traditional Fixed Annuity (MYGA)	7%	3–7 years	Like a Fixed Rate Bond or Bank CD	Stable retirement savings vehicle that offers principal protection Guaranteed rate of return No downside risk to the policy holder
Fixed Indexed Annuity	87%	5–15 years	+ =	Upside is based on a percentage of market index performance, provided to policy holders synthetically by purchasing call spreads
			BUY AN SELL A CALL "CALL AT THE OPTION SPREAD" MONEY WITH A WITH	Assets are invested in a fixed income portfolio, not the underlying index
			CALL HIGHER DOWNSIDE OPTION STRIKE PROTECTION	No downside risk to the policy holder
			STATE THE STATE OF	Index or market risk is fully hedged by Athene
Registered Index-Linked Annuity	6%	6–8 years	=	Increased upside, based on a percentage of market index performance, provided to policy holders synthetically by purchasing call spreads
(RILA)			BUY A SELL A CALL "CALL BELOW THE OPTION SPREAD" MONEY WITH A WITH LIMITED	Assets are invested in a fixed income portfolio, not the underlying index
			CALL HIGHER DOWNSIDE OPTION STRIKE RISK	Downside risk to the policy holder is limited
			51,1101	Index or market risk is fully hedged by Athene
Percentage of Athene Retail Inflows for the year ended December POLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS U			STATE NOR	and the second s

Increasing Diversity of Retail Distribution is a Strategic Advantage

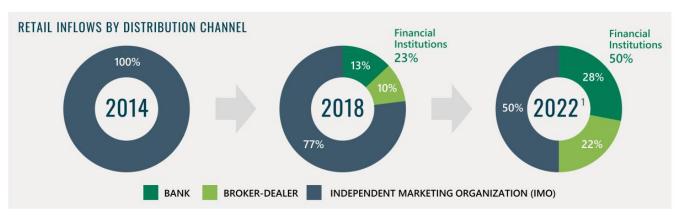


Industry leader in the Independent Marketing Organization (IMO) channel with 13% market share in 2021



Multi-year distribution expansion effort within Financial Institutions is paying dividends and strengthening Athene's market positioning

 Since 2020, Athene has onboarded more than 30 new Broker-Dealers and 5 new Bank relationships such as LPL, Truist, and Wells Fargo



1. As of March 31, 2022.

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Pension Group Annuities

BUSINESS HIGHLIGHTS & KEY DRIVERS

- · Grew to be the market leader in 2020 and 2021
- Through several signature transactions, Athene has become a partner of choice for blue-chip corporate pension plan sponsors
- Driven by long-term secular shift by corporations away from managing pension assets internally
- Provides simplicity and consistent income to retirees while offering increased efficiency to corporations and plan sponsors

WHAT IS A PENSION GROUP ANNUITY?

- 1 Occurs when a defined benefit pension plan sponsor transfers some or all of the plan's liabilities to a highly rated insurer
- That company issues a group ("bulk") annuity which provides benefit continuity for all the pensioners within the plan

PENSION GROUP ANNUITY INFLOWS (SB)



APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Athene Has An Established Track Record in Pension Group Annuities



2020 & 2021 **US Industry Ranking** by Volume¹



Cumulative PGA

Volume since 2017²



Transactions

Completed²



Annuitants Covered²

SELECT TRANSACTIONS



\$900 MILLION

2017



\$2.6 BILLION

2019















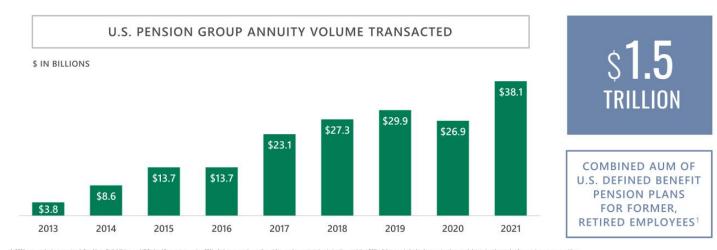
2021

2021

1. Source: LIMRA 2020 and 2021 US Pension Group Annuities report 2. As of March 31, 2022: includes \$800M UK funded reinsurance transaction APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

U.S. Pension Group Annuity Market is Only Just Reaching Scale

- 2021 was a record year for U.S. pension group annuities, with 8 individual transactions of more than \$1 billion coming to market
- · Large and growing opportunity given annual market volume transacted represents only 3% of estimated addressable market
- In addition, the U.K. pension group annuity market is larger than the U.S. market and presents incremental future opportunity

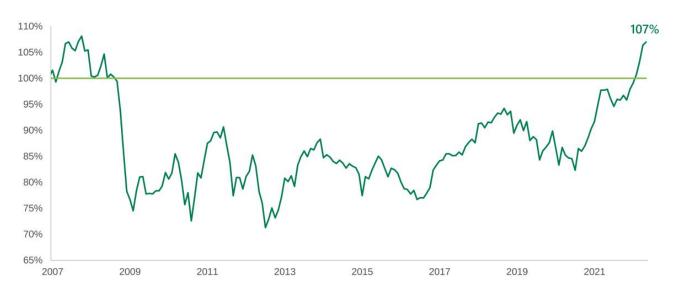


1. 2021 year-end private-sector defined benefit fabilities per US Federal Reserve, assuming 20% of plans are active and used for employee attraction/retention, and that 50% of the remainder back current retirees and determine the market for pension group annuities.

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Industry Pensions Fully Funded for First Time Since 2008

FUNDED STATUS OF THE 100 LARGEST DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS SPONSORED BY U.S. PUBLIC COMPANIES¹



1. Milliman 100 Pension Funding Index (PFI), as of May 2022.

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

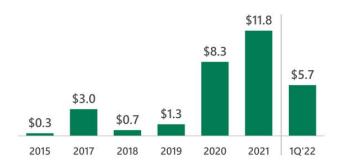
Funding Agreements

BUSINESS HIGHLIGHTS

- While at SunAmerica in the 1990s, Jim Belardi pioneered the development of the Funding Agreement-Backed Note (FABN)
- Athene maintains issuing capabilities in six currencies across the North American and European markets²

WHAT IS A FUNDING AGREEMENT-BACKED NOTE? 1 2 3 Sponsor issues Sponsor sells Athene's The 'Funding a nonrecourse 144A bonds to insurance Agreement' 'note' (144A institutional subsidiary is provided bond) backed investors produces an to a Sponsor by the (a 'Funding annuity stream entity 'Funding or 'Funding Agreement Agreement' Agreement' Backed Note') cash flows

FUNDING AGREEMENT INFLOWS (SB)



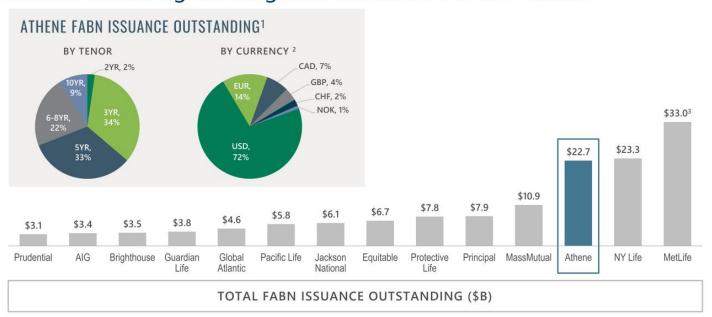
KEY DRIVERS

- Institutional demand given the relatively higher yield profile of funding agreements vs. similarly-rated corporate debt
- Strong demand and improved funding costs for Athene funding agreements driven by continued credit rating improvements

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

^{1.} Funding agreements are comprised of funding agreements issued under our FABN and FABR programs, funding agreements issued to the federal home loan bank (FHLB) and long-term repurchase agreements. 2. As of March 31, 2022. All foreign currency denominated funding agreements are hedged back to USD. Althene does not take on currency-related risks.

Athene is Among the Largest FABN Issuers in the Market



Source: SNP Paribas, Bloomberg, EURONEXT / Irihi Stock Exchange, and Company Filings, as of March 31, 2022.

1. Cumulative Sunaire outstanding so of March 31, 2022.

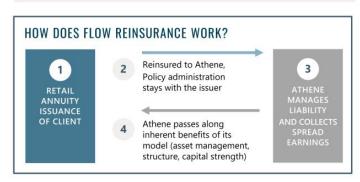
2. All foreign currency denominated funding agreements are hedged back to USD. Athene does not take on currency-related risks. 3. Includes Metropolitan Life Global Funding I and Met Tower Global Funding

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Flow Reinsurance

BUSINESS HIGHLIGHTS

- Ongoing priority to diversify counterparty relationships across geographies and product areas
- During 2020, built a reputation of strength in the market as a partner of choice, supporting counterparties when others chose to conserve capital
- · Recent expansion into Japanese market with two key partnerships



FLOW REINSURANCE INFLOWS (\$B)



KEY DRIVERS

- Demand for capital efficiency / risk management from other annuity issuers
- Changes in market pricing conditions and counterparty behavior can cause fluctuations

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Merger Can Strengthen Athene's Distribution / Product Capabilities

POST-MERGER, ATHENE AND APOLLO HAVE HAD DEEPER DIALOGUE AROUND EXPANSION OF DISTRIBUTION CHANNELS

Retail Distribution

Apollo is recognized as one of the largest fee payers on Wall Street, which has helped accelerate business development discussions with top Banks and Broker-Dealers

Pension Group Annuities

Dialogue with Apollo has led to more interactions and discussions with large corporate plan sponsors

Reinsurance / Asia Expansion

Apollo and Athene are partnering to bring asset origination and Retirement Services expertise to consumers in Asia, and are leveraging existing partnerships with Challenger and FWD

New Product Creation

Athene and Apollo have begun development of an insurance-wrapped alternative investment product

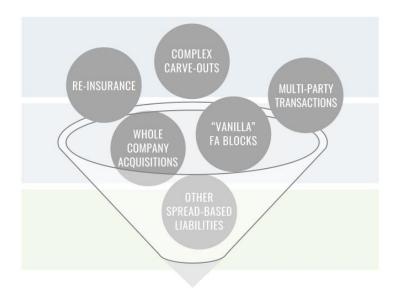
APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Athene is a Solutions Provider to the Industry



APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Disciplined Approach to Inorganic Growth Enables Us to Identify Best Opportunities





FITS STRATEGY

Ability to scale assets / liabilities Leverage existing strengths



RISK PROFILE

Liabilities must be predictable

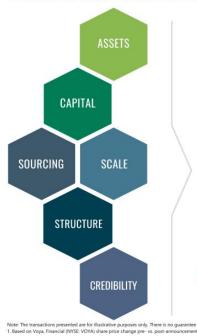


PRICING

Target desired returns

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Numerous Advantages Allow Us to Structure "Win-Win" Solutions



PARTNER

SOLUTION



- FULL EXIT \$53 BILLION FA & VA RESERVES TRANSFERRED
- 9.9% stake in Venerable

RESULT FOR CLIENT

- ~\$1.1 BILLION capital release
- +10% OUTPERFORMANCE ¹ on announcement



- \$29 BILLION FA RESERVES REINSURED
- \$500 million validating equity investment (~11% stake)
- ~\$2.0 BILLION capital release
- +3% OUTPERFORMANCE ² on announcement



- \$8 BILLION FIA RESERVES REINSURED
- Facilitated ~\$500 million share repurchase
- ~\$700 MILLION capital release
- +1% OUTPERFORMANCE ³ on announcement

Note: The transactions presented are for illustrative purposes only. There is no guarantee that similar transactions will be available, achieve similar results.

1. Based on Voya, Financial (NYSE, VOYA), share price change pre- vs. post-announcement. 2. Based on Lincoln National Corp. (NYSE LNC) share price change pre- vs. post-announcement.

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

FAQ: How Does the Current Macro Backdrop Impact Athene's Growth Outlook?

ORGANIC CHANNELS

INORGANIC CHANNEL

Impact of
Rising
Interest
Rates and
Declining
Equity
Markets

Retail Annuities

- Offers better pricing to consumers
- Provides principal protection / safe-haven
- Price increases lag rate increases, increasing net spread

Flow Reinsurance



 Partners may elect to increase volumes to conserve their capital

Pension Group Annuities



 Pension plans are likely to experience increased funding status in rising rate environments

Funding Agreements



 FABN spreads widen more than corporates in times of market volatility, reducing achievable net spread on new issuance

CHANNEL





 Higher rates allow companies to transact liabilities with less potential write down upon execution

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

The Market Opportunity for Retirement Services is Global



Apollo's ~\$270B AUM today represents less than 2% of the \$20T+ total addressable market

1. Comprised of \$1.2 trillion Us general account annuities reported on US statutory statements as of year—end 2020 as aggregated by SNL Financial, \$1.4 trillion in US Pension Group Annuities, based on 2020 year—end private-sector defined benefit liabilities per US Federal Reserve, assuming 2020 for plans are active and used for employee attraction/reterition, and that visible of the remainder back current retrease and define the market or pressions inst transfer. \$1.1 trillion in US Defined Controllation plan annuities applying assumed \$1.5 states applying assu

Japan Life and Annuities market as of March 2020 per Life Insurance Association of Japan S. \$3.0 trillion AUD (\$2.2 trillion USD) in SuperFunds per APRA as of June 30, 2021, multiplied by a 20% recommend allocation to lifetime annuities in Australian Treasury's Retirement Income Covernant Position Paper (2018) Total superannuation assets in Justicatian as of June 30, 2021, converted to USD using a 0.7% sectionappe rate.

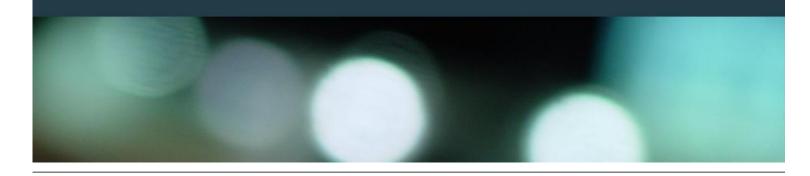
APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022



Liability Underwriting & Risk Profile

MIKE DOWNING

Chief Operating Officer & Chief Actuary, Athene



What is Retirement Services?

WHAT RETIREMENT SERVICES IS

Spread business generating investment income for retirees



Simple



Stable



Predictable



Growing

SPREAD RELATED EARNINGS (SRE)

WHAT RETIREMENT SERVICES IS NOT

Greater uncertainty and tail risk



X Variable Annuities With Riders



Long-Term Care



X Structured Settlements



X Property & Casualty



Traditional Life Insurance

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Athene Originates Low-Cost, Long-Dated Funding

SIMPLE RETIREMENT SAVINGS PRODUCTS WITH STRUCTURAL FEATURES THAT INCREASE STICKINESS

~9 Year¹

Weighted Average Life of Funding

Cost of Funds on In-Force

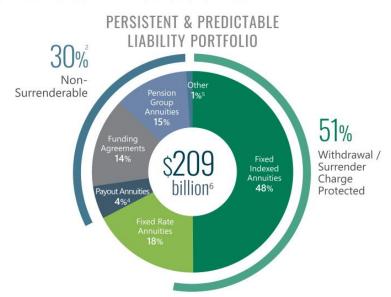
81%

Of Funding Carries a Withdrawal Penalty or Cannot be Withdrawn

Spread-Based

Conservatively Underwritten

Very Limited Tail Risk



1. Calculation based on gross resense liabilities as of March 31, 2022, 2.524bn of Buy-in PGA deals are purrendenable 3. For the three months ended March 31, 2022, 4. Includes Single Premium Immediate Annuities, Supplemental Confidencies in the Confidence of the C

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Liability Risk Profile is Limited Due to Focus on Simple, Spread-Based Products

	KEY LIABILITY RISKS			
22	LAPSE	LONGEVITY	POLICYHOLDER/ CLIENT	DURATION ¹ (YEARS)
Retail Annuities	+	+	Retail Customers (via third-party agents)	5-15 3-7 6-8
Flow Reinsurance	+	N/A	Other Insurers	3-10
Funding Agreements	N/A	N/A	Capital Markets / Fixed Income Managers	3-7
Pension Group Annuities	N/A	+	Corporations	10-15

1. Estimated weighted average life pricing for each line of business.

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Key to Success is Appropriately Pricing Risk

Key Risk
Considerations
When
Originating
New Funding

Higher Risk Requires Higher Profit Targets

LONGER	DURATION	SHORTER	
STICKY	PERSISTENCY	LIQUID	
NARROW	VOLATILITY OF OUTCOMES	WIDE	
LOW	INTEGRATION RISK	HIGH	

ATHENE UTILIZES A RISK-RETURN CONTINUUM TO EVALUATE LEVELS OF ORIGINATION ACROSS EACH OF ITS CHANNELS

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

FAQ: Will a Significant Amount of Consumers Surrender Their Policies in a Rising Interest Rate Environment?

Considerations
for Impact
of Rising
Interest Rates
on Annuity
Surrenders



Structural Protections

- Surrender charges (which are typically 5-10% of contract value) provide structural protection from withdrawal in the early years of an annuity policy
- Many policies are also covered by a Market Value Adjustment (MVA) provision while in their surrender charge period, which means that if interest rates are higher at the time of withdrawal versus when the contract was purchased, a negative MVA will apply



Fee-Averse Consumers & Suitability

- Consumers are historically very averse to paying surrender charges
- In addition, advisors and agents who recommend annuities to consumers must provide detailed suitability documentation, which would discourage advising a policyholder to absorb surrender charges and then obtain a new contract or product



High Predictability

- Athene's historical annual withdrawal rate has averaged ~9% historically, with a very low standard deviation of ~1%
- Industry data points to a similar ~9% average surrender rate for annuity products over time, dating back nearly twenty years

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Industry Annuity Surrender Activity Highly Stable and Predictable

SELECT U.S. ANNUITY PRODUCT SURRENDER RATES OVER TIME

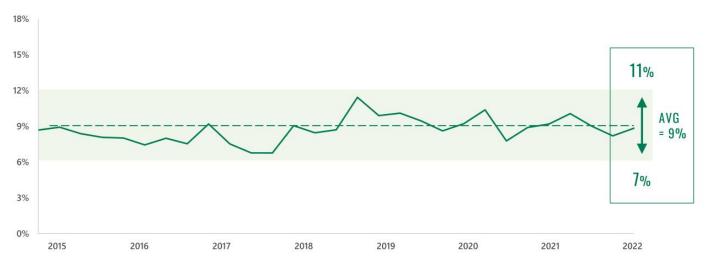


Source: SNL select US life insurers include AEL, AIG (L&R), AMP, BHF, CNO, F&G, GA, LNC, MET, PFG, PRU, RGA, VOYA

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Athene's Activity Has Been Predictable, Within a Narrow Range

ATHENE HISTORICAL OUTFLOWS (annualized) 1,2



Outflows consist of full and partial policyholder withdrawals on deferred annuities, death benefits, benefit payments on pension group annuities and payout annuities, and funding agreement maturitie
 Annualized outflow rates are calculated as outflows divided by average net invested assets.

2. Annualized outflow rates are calculated as outflows divided by average net invested assets.

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Lapse is Only Bad for a Small Subset of the Portfolio

\$174B

of net reserve liabilities driving spread related earnings 30%

NON-SURRENDERABLE

 \$52B from Pension Group Annuities¹, Funding Agreements, and Payout Annuities

51%

- \$89B currently in surrender charge period
- Roughly two-thirds of total is also subject to market value adjustment (MVA), which further disincentivizes withdrawal

19%

NO SURRENDER CHARGE

W/ SURRENDER CHARGE

- \$33B currently out of surrender charge period
- Roughly two-thirds of total products have policy features that will incentivize consumers to maintain policy
- Given product seasoning, products closer to end of life with higher lapse rates are backed by short duration assets (i.e. less impact upon withdrawal), which is one of the reasons Athene's portfolio has an allocation to floating rate securities

81% of funding carries a withdrawal penalty or cannot be withdrawn

1. \$2.4bn of Buy-in PGA deals are surrenderable.

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

bb

Impact of Draconian Assumptions are Extremely Manageable

	Baseline Annualized Lapse Rate ¹	Draconian Shock Lapse Scenario	Lifetime Adverse Economic Impact	Considerations
51% of Portfolio With Surrender Attached	2%	20% (10X SHOCK)	~\$ 200 M	 Cash inflows from surrender charges provides offset MVA offset on two-thirds of policies also provides offset
19% of Portfolio WITH NO SURRENDER CHARGE	10%	30% (3X SHOCK)	~\$300M	 Many polices are dormant and insensitive to rate changes Some policy lapses will be a net benefit to Athene

Amounts to only ~\$500 million and, if incurred, would be recognized over a long-term timeframe during which freed up capital from surrendered policies could be deployed profitably

Information presented for illustrative purposes only. Actual lapse rates and economic impact thereof may differ materially. 1. Lapses are a single of APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

FAQ: Will Athene be Impacted by LDTI Accounting Change Coming in 2023?

WHAT'S HAPPENING?

Transition to a new standard of accounting for certain types of liabilities that will harmonize varied underlying assumption practices across the industry

WHAT DOES THIS APPLY TO?

~20%

of Athene's liabilities

IS THERE A **NEGATIVE IMPACT?**

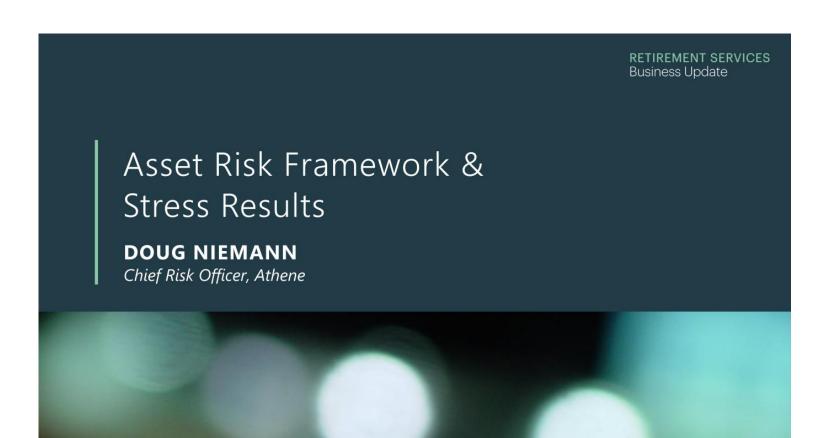
- No expected material impact on retained earnings or GAAP/SRE earnings upon adoption
- · Go forward impact would be reflected in GAAP net income and could skew positively

WHY?

- Athene has historically used low discount rates when putting on new business and valuing liabilities
- Purchase Accounting (PGAAP) exercise in conjunction with Apollo merger resulted in reevaluation / mark to market of entire balance sheet

Note: LDTI stands for long duration targeted improvements.

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022



Risk Management is Embedded in Everything We Do

MANAGE ATHENE'S RISKS SUCH THAT IT CAN GROW PROFITABLY ACROSS MARKET ENVIRONMENTS



ATHENE'S RISK MANAGEMENT

- Robust risk management framework and procedures underpin focus on protecting capital and aligning risks with stakeholder expectations
- Risk strategy, investment, credit, asset-liability management ("ALM") and liquidity risk policies, amongst others, at the board and management levels
- Stress testing plays a key role in defining risk appetite, with tests performed on both sides of the balance sheet

Committed to transparency by publishing annual stress test

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

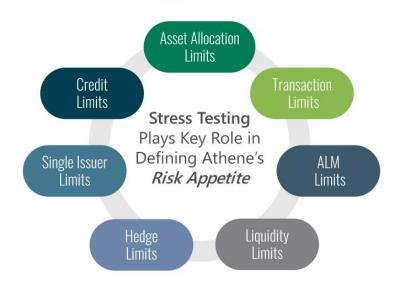
An Experienced Risk Team Manages a Robust Governance & Limit Framework Supporting Athene's Risk Appetite

EXPERIENCED RISK TEAM

- Chief Risk Officer leads team of more than 40 professionals focused on Athene's risk profile, with reporting to the Athene Board Risk Committee Chair
- Maintains set of risk committees, policies, and limits to manage its key risks and ensure proper governance and reporting to senior management and the Athene Board

DISCIPLINED RISK APPETITE

- Enterprise risk appetite is established using stress testing and is cascaded to the business through risk limits
- Maintaining excess capital and liquidity allows Athene to be positioned to take advantage of opportunities in times of market dislocation



Robust Multi-Layered Risk Governance for Investment Risk

APOLLO'S PORTFOLIO MANAGERS AND INVESTMENT COMMITTEES

APOLLO'S COMPLIANCE AND ALLOCATION COMMITTEES

APOLLO INSURANCE SOLUTIONS GROUP

ATHENE RISK

ATHENE MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT & ASSET / LIABILITY COMMITTEE

ATHENE BOARD RISK & CONFLICT COMMITTEES

RATING AGENCIES, REGULATORS, AND CLIENTS

- Asset selection goes through a well-defined risk control process aligned with Athene's risk appetite
- Ensures investments are consistent with allocation and other compliance policies
- Multi-asset portfolio construction & management consistent with Athene's investment mandates & risk policies
- Athene's Chief Risk Officer reports into Athene Board Risk Committee & sits on the Athene Executive Committee
- Committee includes Athene CEO, CRO, CFO, and Chief Actuary, amongst others
- 6-person Athene Board Risk Committee including 3 independent directors
- Frequent communication with rating agencies, regulators, & reinsurance counterparties

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Athene's Strategy is to Pursue Yield Through Illiquidity and Complexity Premia Without Adding Incremental Credit Risk

OPTIONS TO PURSUE EXCESS RISK ADJUSTED INVESTMENT RETURNS

MORE DURATION

 Buy assets with longer tenor than liabilities to take advantage of upward sloping yield curve



Likely liquidity issues relative to business model

RISKIER ASSETS

- Buy assets farther out on the risk/reward spectrum (e.g. public equities)
- Buy lower quality credit in pursuit of higher spreads



Likely capital issues relative to business model

ILLIQUIDITY & STRUCTURE

- Capture illiquidity premium by buying more private, illiquid assets vs. public assets
- Capture complexity premium by buying structured securities offering diversification, credit enhancement and structural protections

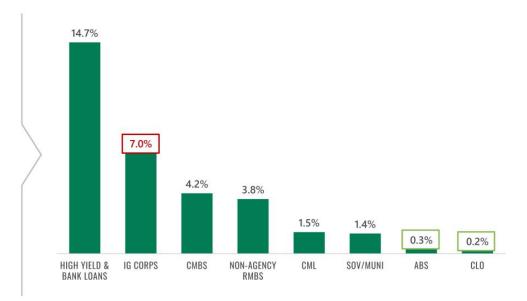


Excess returns for spread-based business with long-term persistent funding

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Losses on Corporates held by U.S. Life Insurers Exceed Losses of Structured Credit Holdings Under Fed's Stress Scenario

BlackRock ran aggregate assets of U.S. life insurers from statutory filings through the Fed's CCAR stress test used for the banking industry and found that the industry's investment-grade corporates had a higher expected loss than structured credit



Blackflock risk analysis on Life Insurance Industry holdings as of December 31, 2020. The Severely Adverse macro-economic scenario is defined to align with the Federal Reserve's 2020 supervisory scenarios that the Board will use in its bank holding company stress tests (i.e., Comprehensive Capital Analysis and Review "CCAR"). Loos is expressed as percentage of public Reed income for which discounted each flows were generated Sources (20220 GDP U.S. Bureau of Cenomic Analysis, Agr-2020 Unemployment and Apr 2020 UP — U.S. Bureau of Cenomic Analysis, Agr-2020 Unemployment and Apr 2020 U

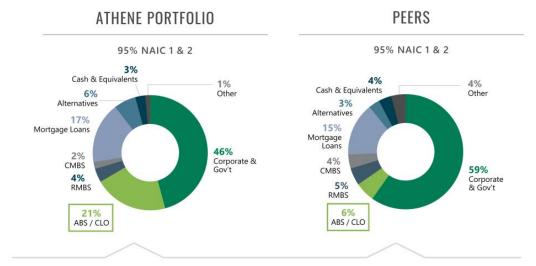
APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

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Athene's Portfolio Focuses on Investment Grade Securities With Downside Protection

~95% OF ATHENE'S AFS PORTFOLIO is invested in primarily investment grade fixed and floating rate assets¹

- Target asset classes which bring illiquidity or structuring complexity premium, not incremental credit risk
- Focus on directly originated, senior secured loans where control of origination results in better riskadjusted returns
- Athene maintains rigorous process to assess credit risk of all assets under stress scenarios, in addition to utilizing 3rd party perspectives from NRSROs and the Securities Valuation Office



KEY DIFFERENTIATORS: HIGH-QUALITY PRIVATE CREDIT, STRUCTURED CREDIT, DOWNSIDE-PROTECTED ALTERNATIVES

Note: Althene net invested assets and peers as of March 31, 2022. Peer assets allocations represent weighted average allocations per GAAP Disclosures of AEL, AIG (L&R), AMP, BHF, CNO, F&G, GA, LNC, MET, PFG, PRU, RGA, VOYA. 1, 95% of AFS fixed maturity securities, including related party and ACRA non-controlling interest, designated NAIC 1 or 2.

Asset Stress Testing Methodology is Conservative Compared to Historical Experience

Athene's stress framework utilizes internally defined, integrated scenario stresses (shocks to credit, equity, rates) based on economic scenarios

Defined scenarios based on severe economic stresses observed over multi-year periods

CORPORATES

Utilize Moody's historical recession era bond default rates and recovery rates. Deep recession applies two-year cumulative defaults experienced during both 2008 and 2009

Based on shocks to cash flows, default probabilities and collateral recoveries, among other

CLO

Based on Moody's historical recession era speculative grade default rates, while remaining

more conservative compared to history

factors. Customized for each sub-sector and typically more conservative than GFC experience

NON-AGENCY RMBS
Full model re-generation of each security's cash flows using Housing Price

Index/unemployment values observed during historical recessions

5 COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE LOANS ('CML')
Simulating defaults and severities based on rent growth and cap rates observed during 2008

ALTERNATIVES

Loss estimated by shocking spreads to extremely wide levels observed during peak crises; Strategic alternatives modeled individually from the bottom up

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Stress Assumptions in Historical Context

	ATHENE ASSUMPTIONS		SAMPLE HISTORICAL RECESSION DATA				
	Baseline Recession Scenario	Deep Recession Scenario	1990	2001	2008	Euro 2016	COVID 2020 ¹
10 Yr US Treasury Yield	Down 60% (e.g. ~140bps)	Down 83% (e.g. ~194bps)	Up 4%	Down 21%	Down 43%	Down 84% ²	Down 68%
Absolute Spreads (BBB / B)	279bps / 802bps ³	636bps / 1,789bps ³	240bps / NA	318bps / 1,083bps	642bps / 1,913bps	317bps / 876bps	474bps / 1139bps
Equity Markets ⁴	(34%)	(49%)	(20%)	(30%)	(49%)	(12%)	(34%)
Fixed Income Defaults (BBB / B)	0.7% / 12.9%	1.4% / 13.7%	0.3% / 13.7%	1.0% / 9.2%	0.9% / 7.1%	0.0% / 2.4%	0.1% / 6.2%
Housing Price (Peak to Trough)	(3%)	(27%)	(3%)	No Decline	(27%)5	No Decline	No Decline

Source: Spread - JPMorgan US Liquid Index (UUL) 888 Spread (Libor) for 888 and JPMorgan Domestic HY Spread to Worst for 8, except for 1990 and Euro 2016. For 1990: Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis, Moody's Seasoned Baa Corporate Bond Yield Relative to Yield on 10-Year Treasury Constant Maturity BAA10Y as JP Morgan indices were not available. For Euro 2016: JPMorgan US Liquid Index (UUL) 888 Spread (Treasury) on Feb 10th 2016 for 888 and JPMorgan Developed Market Single B HY Spread to Worst on Feb 9th, 2016 for 8. Fl Default - For COVID 2020: Moody's Mental Developed Parket Single Spread (Treasury) event of the Spread (Treasury) investor Services. For Institute Investorial Expension Spread (Spread (Sp

Athene's Stress Test Results Muted by One Year of Earnings COMPARES TO MORE THAN \$3B OF EXCESS EQUITY CAPITAL CURRENTLY

	1Q'22	RECESSIO	N SCENARIO	DEI
	Portfolio Allocation	Losses Impact (\$B)	Losses % of Net Invested Assets	Losse
Corporate & Gov't OTTI	46%	(\$0.3)	(0.4%)	(!
Structured Assets (CLO / ABS) OTTI	21%	(\$0.1)	(0.3%)	(:
Commercial Mortgages (CML / CMBS) OTTI	15%	(\$0.3)	(1.0%)	(
Residential Mortgages (RML / RMBS) OTTI	8%	(\$0.2)	(1.0%)	(5
Alternatives ¹ Mark to Market	6%	(\$1.2)	(11.4%)	(5
Other ² Losses	4%	(\$0.3)	(2.6%)	(5
Subtotal ³		(\$2.4)	(1.3%)	(5
Incremental Required Capital Impacts from Stress (@ 350% RBC)		(\$0.1)	(0.1%)	
Total Impact on Excess Capital		(\$2.5)	(1.4%)	(5
Estimated 1 Year of Earnings ⁴		\$2.1		:
Illustrative Active Management Action		\$0.55		\$
Estimated Net Impact		None		(5
Memo: Pro Forma Excess Equity Capital		\$3.3		

Losses Impact (\$B)	Losses % of Net Invested Assets		
(\$0.6)	(0.7%)		
(\$0.2)	(0.6%)		
(\$0.6)	(2.4%)		
(\$0.4)	(2.5%)		
(\$2.3)	(20.7%)		
(\$0.4)	(4.1%)		
(\$4.5)	(2.5%)		
\$0.0	(0.0%)		
(\$4.5)	(2.5%)		
\$2.1			
\$1.5 ⁶			
(\$0.9)			
\$2.4			

Note: Stress results assumed to occur instantaneously. Results are peak to trough losses estimates.

1. Mark to market impact on alternatives is unrealized and would be expected to recover over time, consistent with historical and recent experience 2. "Other" includes cash and equivalents, accrused income, equity securities, policy loans and short-term investments. 3. Total loss estimate is based upon a single scenario invidicrete set of assumptions regarding economic conditions. Actual economic conditions, actual economic conditions in a stressed environment may differ significantly from those assumed and actual loss experience may differ from the estimate presented above and such difference could be material. 4. Athene Average Statutory Earnings 2019-2021.

5. Assumes capital markets issuance in-line with normal course business plans. 6. Reflects illustrative 202E management action of issuing approximately 50% of Athene's untapped debt capacity as of March 31, 2022.

Management Actions Mitigate Losses and Capital Strain in Stress AVAILABLE ACTIONS ALLOW FOR AT LEAST \$4B OF LIQUIDITY AND \$4B OF CAPITAL RELIEF IN MARKET DISLOCATIONS

ILLUSTRATIVE ACTION BENEFIT (\$B) **ACTIONABILITY** Utilize Federal Home Loan Bank ~\$0.5 ('FHLB') Facility ~\$2.0 CAPITAL Committed Repo **MARKETS** ~\$1.81 Draw Revolver ~\$2.9 Issue Senior Debt (to 25% Debt to Cap) ~\$0.5 REDUCE Buy Fewer New Alternatives (no new alts for 1 year) CAPITAL ~\$1.0 USAGE Reduce Organic Volumes (50% reduction in planned volumes for 1 year) \$1.0+ Active Portfolio Management (sell high quality assets at a gain) ~\$0.5 **OTHER** Change in-force Crediting Rates (if credited rates taken to half-way to contractual minimums)2 ~\$1.0 Reinsure Select In-Force Blocks

(select identified blocks)

1. Drawing the Revolver would reduce undrawn debt capacity, \$1.258 revolver with \$0.58 accordion feature. 2. Crediting rate action of deferred annuities. APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

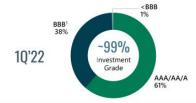
Examples of Active Portfolio Management for the Last Market Crisis

APOLLO/ATHENE PREEMPTIVELY REPOSITIONED PORTFOLIOS PRIOR TO MARKET DISLOCATION



Positioned CLO Portfolio into ~99% Investment **Grade Tranches**





Significant Pre-COVID Reduction to Regional Mall **CRE Exposure**

- Proactively reduced regional mall exposure beginning in early-2018 (currently ~60 bps of
- · Retail is only 9% of CML portfolio, of which 90% 1st lien mortgage

Proactive CRE Management During COVID

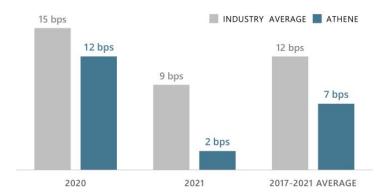
- Recent originations almost exclusively focused on 1st lien mortgages
- Negotiated consensual short-term forbearance and modification agreements together with new sponsor equity contributions
- Early COVID, Rebalanced Corporate Portfolio to Build Liquidity Before Going on Offense
- · Established additional \$2B of committed repo facilities to further support on-demand liquidity
- · Deployed liquidity at attractive risk-adjusted returns as the economy stabilized during the 2nd half of 2020

ratings methodology.

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Minimal Credit Losses Historically, and During Stress

HISTORICAL CREDIT LOSSES¹





ATHENE'S STRONG LIQUIDITY POSITION

- Robust capital position includes \$3.3B of excess equity capital, \$2.9B of untapped debt capacity, \$1.1B of on-demand sidecar capital
- Strong available liquidity position of \$69.1B² comprised of a liquid bond portfolio, as well as cash and other sources of liquidity
- · Even in a scenario where all of Athene's investments are downgraded one NRSRO notch³ this would result in only a ~\$0.6B increase to required capital

Data as of March 31, 2022 unless specified otherwise.

1. Peer U.S. statutory impairments per SNL Financial, average includes AEL, AIG, AMP, BHVES, 5208 of committed repo, S1.258 revolver with 50.58 accordion feature, and \$0.58 \times APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022



Asset Class Spotlight: Structured Credit

BRET LEAS

Partner, Structured Credit, Apollo



Deep Dive Into Athene's Structured Credit Portfolio



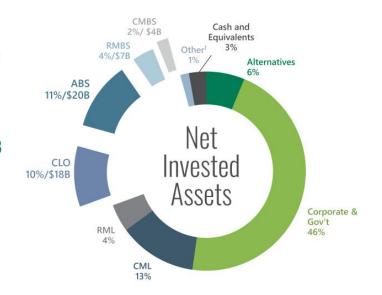
~27% of Athene's Investment Portfolio is Structured Credit Products



ABS and CLO comprise the largest pieces and account for \sim 21% or \sim \$40B



Differentiated and Diversified Investment Portfolio Capabilities Drive Superior Risk-Adjusted Returns



CLOs Provide a Critical Source of Capital to the US Corporate Sector

FINANCING A DIVERSE CROSS-SECTION OF INDUSTRIES AND COMPANIES

grown to

function

previously

served by

banks

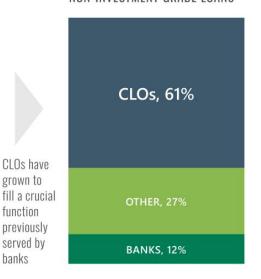
SOURCES OF FINANCING FOR THE US CORPORATE SECTOR



Note: Bloomberg and S&P / LCD as of March 31, 2022

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PRIMARY PURCHASERS OF NON-INVESTMENT GRADE LOANS



CLOS ARE VITAL TO THE ECOSYSTEM























- · CLOs are a key avenue through which investors lend to companies by providing access to a diversified pool of loans issued by over 1000 US companies across sectors
- · CLOs own 65% of all USD bank loans
- · When CLO formation is disrupted, credit is restricted to borrowers in the bank loan market

ABS Finance Provides a Critical Source of Capital to Support Consumer Spending...

...WHICH DRIVES 70% OF THE US ECONOMY

Contribution of US economic activity derived from consumer spending¹

Outstanding volume of consumer ABS²

Outstanding volume of commercial ABS³















MORTGAGE

A CREDIT CARD

IF YOU: ✓ TAKE OUT A ✓ SPEND MONEY ON ✓ TAKE OUT A LOAN TO BUY A CAR

AIRPLANE

✓ RIDE IN AN ✓ BUY NOW AND PAY LATER

YOU CAN THANK THE ABS MARKET

Note: 1. St. Louis Federal Reserve, data as of 1Q'22, 2. J.P. Morgan Research, includes Credit Card ABS, Auto loan ABS, student loan ABS, among others, 3, J.P. Morgan Research, includes transport finance, whole business securitizations. TMT finance, and aviation finance, among others APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Why is Structured Credit an Attractive Asset Class for Athene?

The illiquidity and complexity premia offered by structured credit provides an attractive means for investors with the appropriate expertise, stable funding, and capital to earn incremental yield without incremental credit risk



DIVERSIFICATION BENEFIT



CREDIT ENHANCEMENT

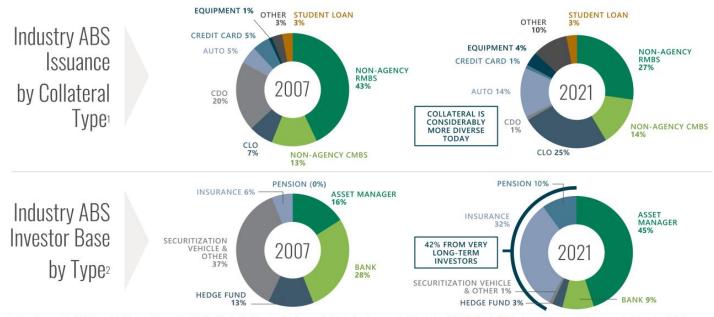


STRUCTURAL PROTECTIONS THAT DIVERT CASH TO SUPPORT IG DEBT TRANCHES IN PERIODS OF STRESS

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Securitization Markets Have Experienced a Wholesale Change Since the Financial Crisis



tote: Data subject to rounding, 1. SIFMA Research. Excludes Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities. "Other" includes ABS securitizations of consumer, franchise, timeshare, insurance, and receivables. Breakout of CLO/CDO reflects Apollo Analysts' estimates. Non-agency RMBS issuance was primarily in nonprime (Alt-A an ubprime) through 2008, but since the GFC issuance has been primarily in various prime categories. 2. Data specific to AA to BB rated CLO-issuance volumes tracked by IP Morgan and Citi.

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Structured Credit Terms Have Changed Since the Financial Crisis

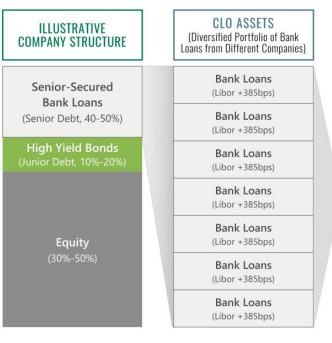
	PRE-CRISIS (1.0)	POST-CRISIS (2.0/3.0)
EXAMPLE	Pre-2008 Mortgage-Backed Securities (MBS)	Collateralized Loan Obligations (CLO)
Collateral	Subprime properties with de minimis value; 'synthetic' or 'derivatives' used rather than holding underlying bonds	Collateralized by first lien senior secured bank loans; always overcollateralized
Leverage on Leverage	Securitizations of securitizations (i.e. CDO ²)	More conservative, limited leverage
Event of Default Triggers	Market Value-based with limited buffer	Cash Flow or Par Value requiring significant impairment
Diversification	Concentrated, e.g. in highly cyclical residential real estate properties	Forced diversification, 10% max per industry, and 1-2% max per obligor
Market Participants / Investor Base	Leveraged investors, including structured investment vehicles (SIVs), Wall Street balance sheets, and hedge funds	Long-term asset managers, including insurance companie and pension funds (i.e. 'real-money')
Asset Liability Management	Long-term assets funded by short-term liabilities (e.g. commercial paper) creating roll risk	Funding sources matched to assets
Funding	Permitted greater leverage, in many cases 20x+ with fewer risk constraints	Documentation more investor friendly, shorter trading period during which managers actively manage loan portfolio, limiting extension risk
Other	Relied on ratings agencies; relatively little direct diligence performed	Actively managed/diligenced by managers with real "skin in the game"

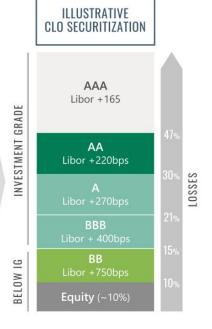
Source: Federal Reserve Stability Report. Reflects Apollo views.

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

CLO Anatomy Illustrates Structural Benefits

- CLO debt benefits from diversification and credit enhancement, meaning the amount of loss that can be absorbed by the structure before impacting the relevant CLO tranche
- ~47% of the principal value of the underlying loans in the CLO structure in this illustrative example would need to be impaired before the AAA tranche was impaired





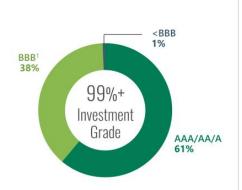
Note: Spreads are for illustrative purposes only and may be differ from recent primary market CLO issuance metrics.

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Overview of Athene's CLO Portfolio

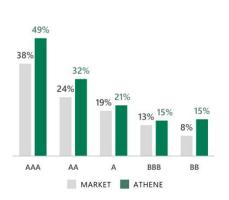
\$18 BILLION OF NET INVESTED ASSETS, 10% OF ASSET PORTFOLIO

CLO PORTFOLIO BY RATINGS



Athene's CLO portfolio is 99% investment grade and 99% of the underlying loans are senior secured first lien

CLO CREDIT ENHANCEMENT 2



Given superior credit underwriting and risk selection, the weighted average credit enhancement of Athene's CLOs is higher than the broader market

CLO PORTFOLIO BY MANAGER



Apollo's scale provides Athene access to unique insights, including in the selection of its diversified set of >100 third party managers

Note: All data is as of March 31, 2022. Portfolio sizing based on net invested assets. 1.36% of CLOs rated 888 and 2% non-rated. Securities denoted as non-rated by the NRSRO were classified as investment or non-investment grade according to the security's respective NAIC designation. With respect to modeled LBaSS, the NAIC designation methodology differs in significant respects from the NRSRO ratings methodology. 2. Credit Enhancement refers to par subordination or the amount of loss that can be absorbed by the structure before impacting the owned tranche.

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CLO Portfolio Comprised of Well Diversified Underlying Assets

NO.	NAME	1Q'21 PORTFOLIO	1Q'22 PORTFOLIO	1Q'22 CUMULATIVE
1	Healthcare & Pharmaceuticals	11%	12%	12%
2	High Tech	10%	11%	23%
3	Banking, Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	9%	9%	32%
4	Services: Business	7%	7%	39%
5	Hotels, Gaming & Leisure	5%	4%	44%
6	Media: Broadcasting & Subscription	5%	4%	48%
7	Telecommunications	4%	4%	52%
8	Beverage, Food & Tobacco	4%	4%	56%
9	Construction & Building	4%	4%	59%
10	Capital Equipment	3%	4%	63%
11	Chemicals, Plastics & Rubber	3%	4%	66%
12	Automotive	3%	3%	69%
13	Aerospace & Defense	3%	3%	72%
14	Services: Consumer	3%	3%	75%
15	Containers, Packaging & Glass	3%	3%	77%
16	Retail	2%	2%	80%
17	Utilities: Electric	2%	2%	82%
18	Energy: Oil & Gas	2%	2%	84%
19	Transportation: Consumer	2%	2%	86%
20	Consumer Goods: Non-Durable	2%	2%	88%



Resilient top exposures, with consistent diversity year over year



Diversified Portfolio:

Top 10 industries = ~63% of portfolio



Actively managed portfolio

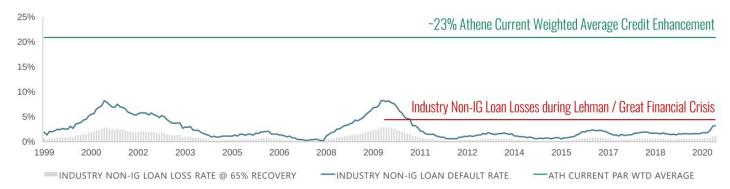
to deemphasize energy, retail, and consumer goods

Note: As of March 31, 2022. Based on CLOs included in Athene's net invested assets.

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Athene's CLO Portfolio Has Significant Credit Enhancement to Withstand Default Rates Far in Excess of Historical Events

HISTORICAL INDUSTRY NON-INVESTMENT GRADE LOAN DEFAULT AND LOSS RATES 2



Athene regularly stresses its asset portfolio and would expect no principal impairments on its CLO debt portfolio in a "Recession" scenario which utilizes more punitive stress assumptions for CLOs than experienced during Lehman / Great Financial Crisis¹

In an even more severe "Deep Recession" scenario, Athene would expect <\$14 million, or 12 basis points, of principal impairments on its CLO debt portfolio

Based on internal estimates. 2. Source: LCD, Intex, S&P, Moody's, Wells Fargo Securities
 APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Two-Year Lookback: "What We Said" and "What Happened"

WHAT WE SAID

WHAT HAPPENED

(in August 2020)

...Defaults would remain low for high quality loan borrowers



- · No CLO position we own has defaulted
- Default rate for loan borrowers in our CLO portfolio is 0.3%

...Ratings Downgrades would moderate



- More ratings upgrades than downgrades (only 4.3% of portfolio was downgraded; 4.5% has since been upgraded)
- Our portfolio is of higher quality today than a year ago (increased its credit enhancement from 22% to 23%)

...CLO self-corrective features would protect our exposure



- We have suffered no credit losses
- · CLO structures continue to work as designed

...We preferred an up-in-credit bias



• 99% of deployment in the past year has been investment grade

- In August 2020, Athene published a deep dive on our CLO portfolio and its performance in stress (see here)¹
- During the market volatility in 2Q'20, CLO markets spreads rose materially. However, Athene's long-term, persistent liabilities support it holding CLOs to maturity such that Athene is not a forced seller during market volatility
- Athene's CLO portfolio has performed extremely well; with no credit losses and more ratings upgrades than downgrades
- Athene was able to use its position of strength to invest in additional CLOs, locking in long-term, attractive riskadjusted returns

1. Linked presentation is not incorporated by reference.

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Overview of Athene's Asset-Backed Securities (ABS) Portfolio

\$20 BILLION OF NET INVESTED ASSETS, 11% OF ASSET PORTFOLIO





Includes many directlyoriginated and high-grade alpha assets that typically exhibit differentiated risk-return characteristics



Diversified by industry, sponsor, and transaction



Target overcollateralization from cash flows with additional credit support from pledge of real assets and/or intellectual property



Target performancebased triggers to trap cash and accelerate pay down in times of credit stress



Target pre-defined collateral package in a bankruptcy remote vehicle

Note: All data is as of March 31, 2022. Portfolio sizing based on net invested assets. 1,32% of ABS rated 888 and 3% non-rated. Securities denoted as non-rated by the NRSRO were classified as investment or non-investment grade according to the security's respective NAIC designation. With respect to modeled LBaSS, the NAII designation methodology differs in significant respects from the NRSRO ratings methodology.

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

ABS Case Study: Wheels Donlen

COMPANY OVERVIEW

- · Leading outsourced fleet management companies entrusted by customers to manage full life cycle of mission-critical fleets and service vehicles
 - Acquired Donlen in March 2021 from Hertz and subsequently announced the acquisition of Wheels in October 2021
 - ~330K leased vehicles across diverse blue-chip customers
- · Capabilities to service and fund \$5-10B of fleet management assets
 - Funding from Athene and other Apollo managed balance sheets
 - Apollo acts as bookrunner and places Wheels/Donlen ABS

SELECT CUSTOMER EXAMPLES





























DONLEN SERVICE OFFERING



ABS Case Study (Continued): Wheels Fleet Financing Facility

150.000+ VEHICLES AND

MASTER TRUST RESPECTIVE LEASES (\$2.5B+) ABS SECURITIZATION1

CREDIT ENHANCEMENT & LOSS COVERAGE VS. ASSET VALUE²

Residua	al Valu	ie of	Vehicle
		93	
	199		199
	-		

Guaranteed

Diversified, Blue-Chip Customer Lease Payments







Class A Lenders – Tranche Rated 'AAA'		13.0%	
Class B Lenders – Tranche Rated 'AA'	Blended: \$2.0BN L + 0.81%	10.0%	
Class C Lenders – Tranche Rated 'A'	£ 1 0.01/0	6.0%	
Tranche Rated 'BBB'	\$45MM	4.5%	75X COVERAGE VS. PEAK LOSSES
Second Loss: Athene Equity	6.0 - 6.5%	4.0%	67X COVERAGE VS. PEAK LOSSES
Retained Equity	\$70MM		

- In October 2021, Athene (through Donlen) acquired Wheels Fleet leasing and it \$3.4B of assets
 - Transaction also provided Athene a forward flow of assets with superior spread (+150bps) and loss track record (6bps peak annualized losses in past 20 years) versus liquid investment grade corporates
- · Over 85% of customers are investment grade and the leases are structured as "triple net" (lessees required to pay for maintenance, tax, title, registration fees, and insurance) with guarantees to mitigate residual value risk
- · Back-end collateral of well-maintained vehicles that obtain a premium at auction and are highly commoditized; Athene utilizes a master trust ABS structure to enhance diversity, credit protection and liquidity

Note: Case study is presented for illustrative purpose only. There is no guarantee that similar transactions will be available in the future, or, if available, achieve similar results 1. Metrics are based on WFLF 2022-A facility and on a fully funded basis. Ratings are based on WFLF 2021-A facility. 2. Credit Enhancement is consistent with Weeks 2022-1. Indictive which includes Subtrainables, On-Supersiderationary and Reserve Account.

Historical IG Structured Credit Impairments Compare Favorably to Public Corporates of the Same Rating

RATING	CORPORATES	CLO	OTHER ABS	RMBS	CMBS
	ı	POST-CRISIS	5 (2011-2020)		
AAA	0.00%	0%		0.02%	0.00%
AA	0.02%			0.19%	0.05%
А	0.02%			0.13%	0.05%
BBB	0.08%			0.36%	0.15%
ВВ	0.21%	0.13%	0.10%	0.51%	1.58%
В	1.28%	0.66%	0.77%	0.82%	7.15%

- Investment grade CLO debt has had lower average defaults than IG Corporates
- · No IG CLO or Other ABS debt has experienced principal impairment in the last decade

Note: Represents the average default rate of U.S. products for all categories, except CLOS. CLOs represent the average default rate of U.S. products for all categories, except CLOS. CLOs represent the average default rate of U.S. products a discounted buildes a discounted buildes a discounted buildes a discounted buildes and state of seld building impairment. Source: Modely 4 Ample Default Study (Frence Default and state of resident state) (Mex 2021), (Mex 2 APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022



Asset Class Spotlight: Commercial Real Estate

SCOTT WEINER

Partner, Commercial Real Estate, Apollo



Athene's Commercial Mortgage Loan Allocation Benefits from Apollo's Industry-Leading Platform



Direct Origination Business



Relationship Lender





GLOBAL ASSETS UNDER MANAGEMENT



TOTAL CAPITAL INVESTED **SINCE 2009**



LENDING VOLUME









HENDERSON
PARK







Lending Volume and AUM

Select Borrower Relationships

Why is Commercial Mortgage Debt an Attractive Asset Class for Athene?



Focus on senior positions in capital structure



Collateralized by hard assets



Real estate is a hedge to inflation



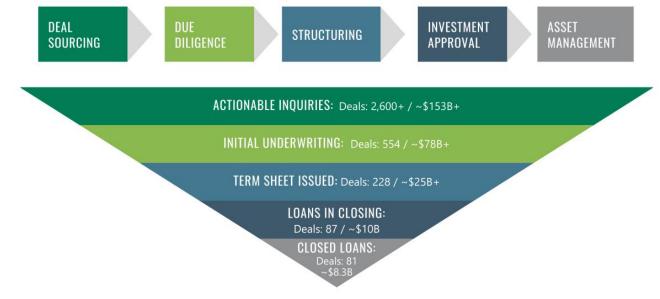
Bespoke investments with less volatility



Attractive yields, wide of investment grade corporates

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Rigorous Commercial Mortgage Loan (CML) Origination Process



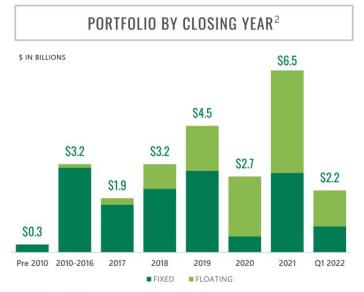
Note: Reflects deal volume based on total commitment on behalf of Athene in 2021.

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Overview of Athene's CML Portfolio

\$23 BILLION OF NET INVESTED ASSETS, 13% OF ASSET PORTFOLIO

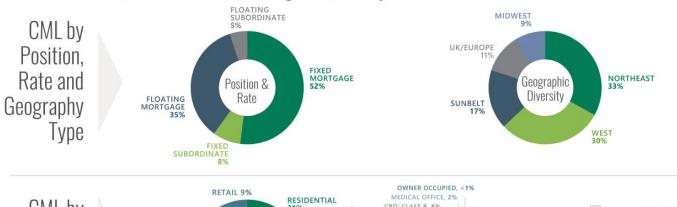


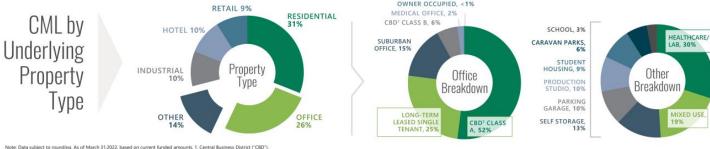


NAIC 3 Corporate bond

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Athene's Diversified and High Quality CML Portfolio





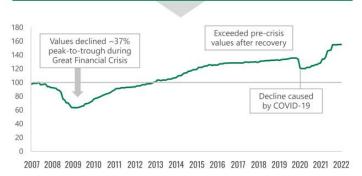
Note: Data subject to rounding. As of March 31,2022, based on current funded amounts. 1. Central Business District ("CBD").

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

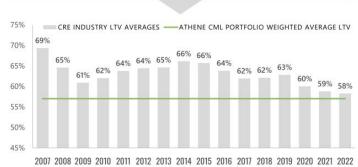
CML Performance During Periods of Stress

DELINQUENCIES REMAINED LOW POST-COVID WITH PROACTIVE ASSET MANAGEMENT

COMMERCIAL PROPERTY PRICE INDEX OF CRE SECTOR¹



INDUSTRY-WIDE AVERAGE CRE LOAN-TO-VALUE²





<1% CML portfolio delinquent throughout COVID



>99% CML positions paid current through March 2022



Total impairments and realized losses cumulatively represent ~30bps of total CML portfolio since January 2020

Note: Data as of March 31, 2022. 1. Source: Green Street Advisors. Includes all commercial real estate property types. 2. Source: Real Capital Analytics. 2022 reflects YTD as of March 31, 2022.

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

CML Case Studies: Storage and Hospitality





US SELF STORAGE PORTFOLIO



ORIGINATION DATE: April 2022 LOAN AMOUNT: \$77 million POSITION: First Mortgage

TERM: 10 years

LTV: 65%; RATING: CM-1

AMORTIZATION: 25-year amort starting at close

- · Refinance of portfolio of 16 self storage assets across the US
- Stabilized 96% occupied at close / trailing twelve months debt yield of 10.2%
- · Repeat sponsor





CHARLOTTE, NC FULL-SERVICE HOTEL

Deal Details ORIGINATION DATE: May 2022 LOAN AMOUNT: \$86 million POSITION: First Mortgage TERM: 3+1+1 years

LTV: 47%; RATING: CM-2

3RD-PARTY SUBORDINATE DEBT: \$22 million mezz loan

- Refinance of 446-key, full-service Central Business District hotel in Charlotte, NC
- Strong historical performance pre-COVID (16.9% 2019 mortgage DY) and rebounding post-COVID (10.3% 2022 budget mortgage DY)
- Repeat mezz partner and sponsor

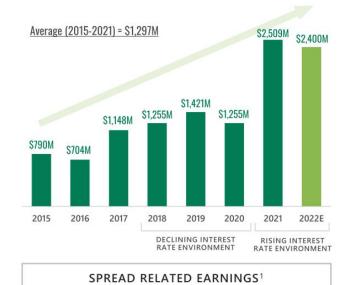
Note: Case study is presented for illustrative purpose only. There is no guarantee that similar transactions will be available in the future, or, if available, achieve similar result APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

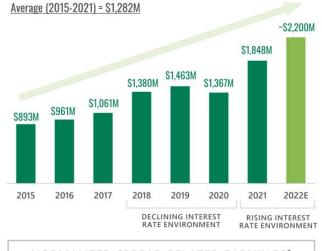


Athene's Profitability Captured Within Apollo's Retirement Services Business Segment



SRE is Recurring, Predictable, and Sustainable Through the Cycle





NORMALIZED SPREAD RELATED EARNINGS²

2. Normalized spread related earnings excludes notable items and normalizes alternative income to an 11% long-term return, net of offsets.

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

^{1.} SRE represents Athene's historically reported adjusted operating income available to common shareholders excluding the change in fair value of AOG units, equity based compensation related to Athene's long-term incentive plan, and operating income tax.

2. Normalized spread related earnings excludes notable items and normalizes alternative income to an 11% long-term return, net of offsets.

Spread Related Earnings and Fee Related Earnings Are Highly Correlated

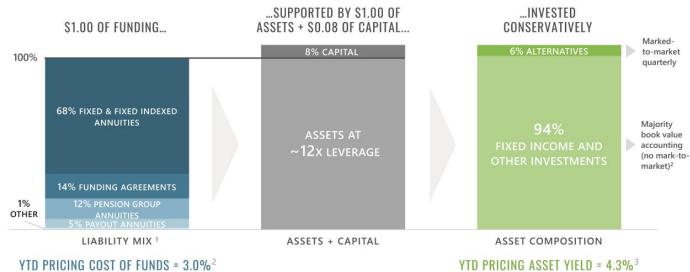


95% CORRELATION BETWEEN FRE AND NORMALIZED SRE¹

FRE and SRE correlations based on historical reported metrics before merger restatements
 APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Athene's Financial Model is Straightforward

LIABILITIES ARE SUPPORTED BY AN APPROPRIATE AMOUNT OF CAPITAL, INVESTED IN MOSTLY FIXED INCOME ASSETS



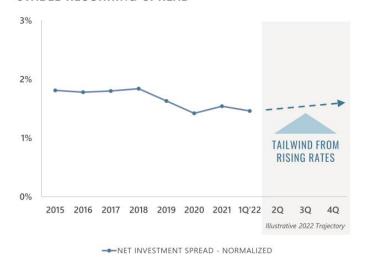
Data as of March 31, 2022, unless otherwise noted.

1. Represents net liability mix. 2 No mark-formalized accounting applies for SRE calculation. 3. Represents pricing for organic inflows written through May 2022.

APOLLO

Components of Spread Related Earnings

STABLE RECURRING SPREAD¹



SPREAD COMPONENTS

Growth in Net Invested Assets

Yield on Net Invested Assets Less Cost of Funds

Fees on Assets in Sidecar (ADIP)²

Operating Expenses & Financing Costs

SRE = Low Double Digit CAGR³

1. Normalized net investment spread excludes notable items and normalizes alternative income to an 11% long-term return, net of offsets. 2. Athene earns –15bps on all liabilities ADIP supports. 3. Forecasted through 2026E APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Key Question: How do Rising Interest Rates Impact SRE?

ATHENE FLOATING RATE POSITION

20% or \$37 billion

Floating Rate Assets¹ (Primarily CLOs and CMLs)

6% or \$11 billion

Floating Rate Liabilities²

14% or \$26 billion

Net Floating Rate Assets Positioned to Benefit From Higher Rates

+25BPS PARALLEL SHIFT IN THE CURVE DRIVES

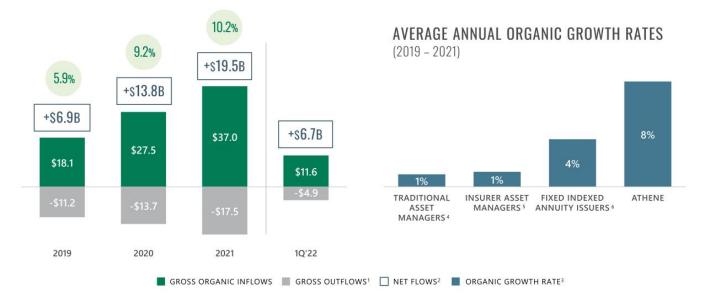
\$30-\$40 million of annual SRE

FORWARD CURVE AS OF APRIL 30 IMPLIES

~\$180 million (or \$0.30/share) of incremental SRE, embedded within updated 2022 target

Note: Data as of March 31, 2022. Information presented is for illustrative purposes only. Actual results may differ materially. 1. Represents percentage of floating rate assets over net invested assets. 2. Represents percentage of floating rate funding agreements divided by net invested asset APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Athene's Organic Growth Profile is Best-in-Class



1. Gross conflows consist of full and partial policyholder withdrawaks on deferred annulisies, death benefits, penetion group annuly present, payments on payout annulises and funding agreement maturities, and includes outflows associated with AFA monocontrolling inference. Let Ref. present present and the service of the present payments on payout annulises and funding agreement maturities, and includes outflows associated with AFA monocontrolling inference. Let Ref. present payment benefit to a present payment pa

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Growing Assets and Earnings with Efficient Capital Deployment

GROSS INVESTED ASSETS OUTLOOK

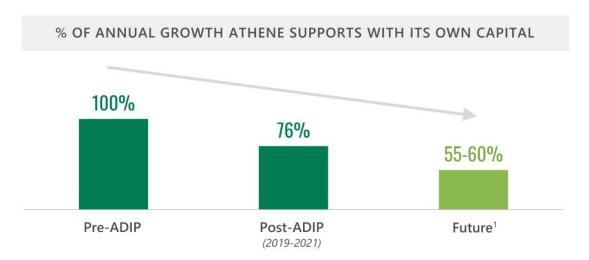
SPREAD RELATED EARNINGS OUTLOOK



Note: There is no guarantee that targets will be achieved. Actual results may differ materially. 1. Full year 202'

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

ADIP Enhances Capital Efficiency...



We anticipate Athene will be increasingly capital efficient going forward

Note: There is no guarantee that targets will be achieved. Actual results may differ materially. 1. Based upon current 5-year projections and estimates APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

....And Strengthens Our Earnings Power

Illustrative Pre-ADIP Earnings Model

\$1 Billion of Capital from Athene Supports \$12 Billion of Inflow Generation

Athene @ ~12x Leverage

\$30 Million Annual FRE

~45 bps Mgmt. Fees x \$128 @ ~55% Current Marain

\$120 Million Annual SRI

s150 Million Total Annual Earnings

VS

Illustrative Future State (45% ADIP Support)

\$1 Billion of Capital from Athene Supports \$21 Billion of Liability Generation

Athene: \$12 Billion @ ~12x leverage

ADIP: \$9 Billion @ 45% of Inflow

\$52 Million Annual FRE

~45 bps Mgmt. Fees x \$21B @ ~55% Current Margin

\$135 Million Annual SRE

ADIP: ~15 bps Fee x \$9B

s187 Million Total Annual Earnings

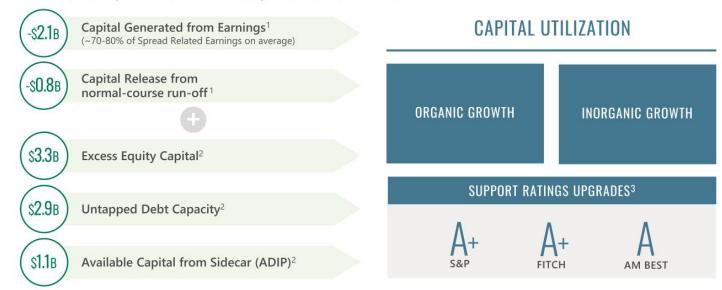
+25% EARNINGS POWER

Note: Future state earnings model is presented for illustrative purposes only and is based on a variety of assumptions. Actual results may differ material

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Athene Generates Significant Capital to Fund Growth

ATHENE IS TODAY, AND HAS ALWAYS BEEN, MASSIVELY CAPITAL GENERATIVE



APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Sources and Uses of Athene's Capital

	(in billions)	2021	Illustrative 2022E		
Earnings and block runoff will fund current organic growth	BEGINNING EXCESS CAPITAL	~\$3.5	~\$3.4		
	Statutory Earnings ¹	2.5	2.1		
	Capital Released from Runoff	0.7	0.8	\$3.4 BILLION TOTAL CAPITAL GENERATED	
	Capital Markets Issuance (Debt/Pref)	1.0	0.5	TOTAL CAPITAL GENERATED	
	SOURCES (SUBTOTAL)	4.2	3.4		
	Organic Inflows	\$37.0	\$37.0+		
	Capital Support Needed	8%	8%		
	Gross Capital Needed to Support Organic Growth	(3.0)	(3.0)	(\$2.1) BILLION	
Support from third- party sidecar (ADIP)	ADIP Capital Deployed	0.8	0.9	ORGANIC NET USES OF CAPITAL	
increases capital efficiency over time	ADIP Share of Inflows	28%	30%		
	USES (SUBTOTAL)	(2.2)	(2.1)		
	Alt. Investment Deployment & Business Mix Shifts	(1.4)	(0.3)	\$1.3 BILLION	
Significant excess capital to support opportunistic growth	Dividend to Holding Company	(0.75)	(0.75)	CAPITAL AVAILABLE FOR STRATEGIC	
	rtunistic LENDING EXCESS CAPITAL		~\$3.7	GROWTH OR CAPITAL RETURN	

Note: The 2022 information is presented for illustrative purposes only. Actual results may differ materially. 1. Represents illustrative 2022 statutory earning:
APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

FAQ: Do Credit Ratings Matter For Athene's Business?

ORGANIC

INORGANIC

Retail Annuities

Higher ratings increase ability to place product with larger financial institutions

Pension Group Annuities

Higher ratings improve counterparty reputation with consultants and plan sponsors

Funding Agreements

Higher ratings provide tangible economic benefit through lower cost of funds

Flow Reinsurance

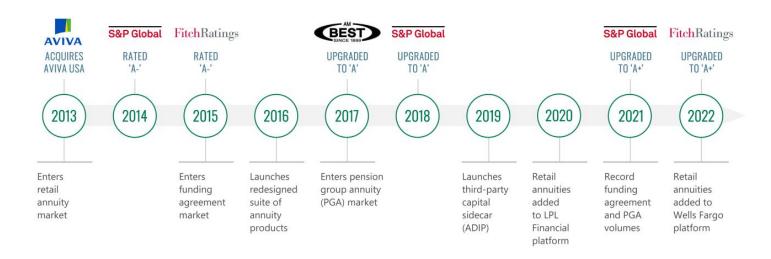
Higher ratings result in less pricing friction within counterparty relationships

M&A /Block Reinsurance

Higher ratings improve overall positioning as a transaction partner

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Athene Has Spent Years Diligently Building Its Franchise and Financial Strength



APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Athene's Financial Strength Has Been Consistently Recognized, Fitch Recently Upgraded to 'A+'

FitchRatings



"... Fitch notes that [Athene] has a high level of expertise in managing those [lower quality commercial mortgage loans and structured] assets and the company remains well matched from a duration perspective and would not be expected to be a forced seller during times of market volatility.'

FITCH, MAY 2022





"During the height of the COVID-19 pandemic and the related economic crisis, Athene continued to grow its businesses while maintaining capital strength at the "AA" level per our capital model... Our raising of Athene's financial strength and issuer credit ratings reflects the group's capital strength and balance sheet growth..."

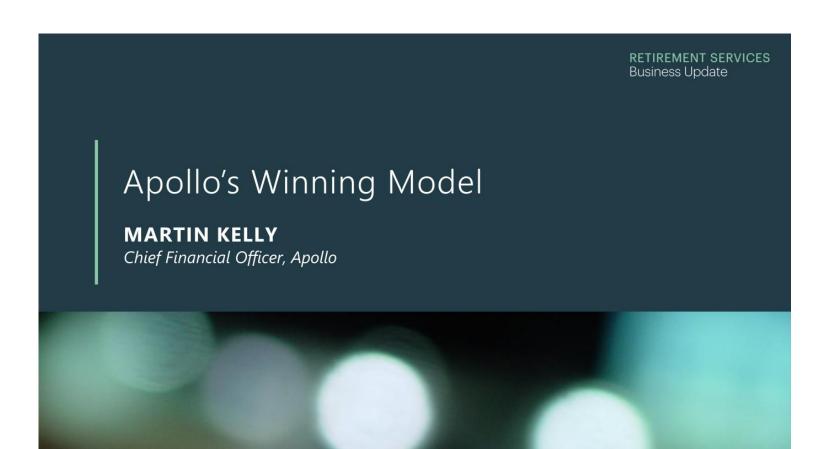




"The ratings reflect Athene's balance sheet strength, which AM Best categorizes as very strong, as well as its **strong operating performance**, favorable business profile and appropriate enterprise risk management..."

A.M. BEST, APRIL 2021

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022



Apollo-Athene Merger Strategic on Multiple Fronts



Full Alignment
Accelerates Growth
and Creates a Better
Proposition for
Our Clients

(2)

Owning Production via Origination Platforms Creates Differentiated Asset Flow 3

Significant
Cross Platform
Product Development
and Innovation
Opportunity

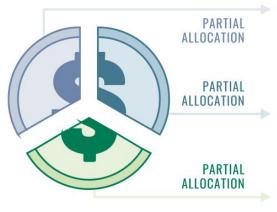
Enhanced Capital Efficiency and Flexibility

4

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Apollo's Model Delivers Full Alignment

ORIGINATED ASSET



Retirement Services Balance Sheets

- Perpetual capitalSelf-funding growth
- Attractive economics (fees + spread)

Third-Party Commingled or Managed Accounts

- Excess return for institutional and global wealth clients
- · Established capital base
- · Market economics

Capital Solutions

- · Syndication and distribution
- · Allows for larger deal sizes
- · Establish new relationships
- Ability to earn attractive fees as a large participant

DRIVES FRE + SRE GROWTH

2 DRIVES FRE GROWTH

3 DRIVES FRE GROWTH

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Full Alignment Accelerates Growth

WHAT WE ACHIEVED PRE-MERGER

PRODUCTS SEEDED BY ATHENE	THIRD-PARTY AUM	RUN-RATE THIRD-PARTY FRE REVENUE ¹
Funds	~\$24B	~\$88M
Platforms	~\$84B	~\$207M
Products	~\$22B	~\$71M
	~\$130B	~\$366M

FAR GREATER OPPORTUNITIES LIE AHEAD

NEW PLATFORMS

Goal to expand annual origination volume to \$150B+ by 2026²

NEW BUSINESSES

Third-Party

Insurance

Capital Solutions

NEW FUNDS & PRODUCTS

Annuity Products Life Sciences
GP/Fund Solutions Climate

ASIA

Japan Asia Australia ex-Japan

FWD

challenger 🎇

^{1.} Run - rate based on March 31, 2022 AUM and FEF revenue. There is no assurance that run-rate fee revenue will be achieved.
2. Total run-rate origination volume includes approximately \$258 from platforms as of March 31, 2022, with the goal of increasing to \$608+ over the next 3-5 years. There is no assurance that goal will be achieved APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Case Study: High Grade Alpha Loan to Softbank Vision Fund II

SHOWCASING OUR ALIGNMENT AS PRINCIPAL



Unlocked liquidity for GP through senior secured term loan facility (upsized to \$5.1B)



Backed by portfolio of 150+ underlying investments with extremely low loan-to-value



Earned attractive economics (~300bps excess spread¹, ~1% fee) to compensate for speed, size, and complexity



Allocated \$1.7B for Athene & Athora, with the remaining to Apollo funds or syndicated



Investment grade credit rating externally validated with 'A' rating from a third-party agency (KBRA)

There is no guarantee that targets will be achieved. Actual results may differ materially. 1. Excess spread calculated versus the effective yield of the ICE BoFA Single-A US Corporate index as of mid-December 2021.

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Third-Party Investors are Attracted to This Alignment

HIGH-GRADE ALPHA ORIGINATION TRANSLATING TO AUM + FRE

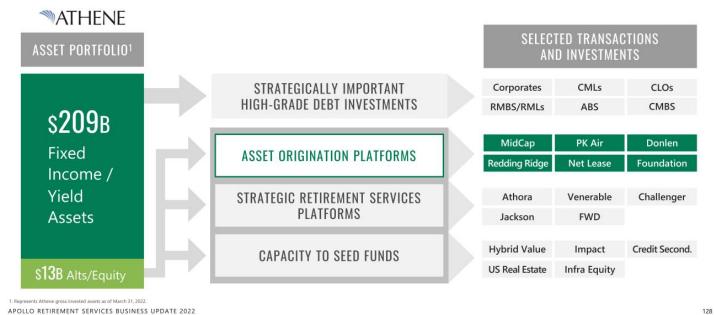


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Strategic Importance of Athene's Investment Portfolio

ATHENE'S PORTFOLIO IS A HOME FOR STRATEGICALLY IMPORTANT DEBT AND EQUITY INVESTMENTS



Controlling the "Means of Production"

ORIGINATION PLATFORMS DRIVE RECURRING SUPPLY OF HIGH-QUALITY, YIELD-ENHANCED ASSETS

HOW DO WE DEFINE ORIGINATION PLATFORMS?

Origination platforms are best-in-class businesses, teams and technologies that originate assets with excess risk-reward on a sustainable and recurring basis

APOLLO'S EXISTING ORIGINATION PLATFORMS























~\$100B annual run-rate origination volume today, with a target of \$150B+ by 20261

Note: There is no guarantee that targets will be achieved. Actual results may differ materially. 1. Total run-rate origination volume includes approximately \$258 from platforms today, with the goal of increasing to \$608+ over the next 3-5 year APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

What Can Direct Origination Offer Apollo and Apollo Clients?

EQUITY DEPLOYMENT DEBT / FLOW DEPLOYMENT

MANAGEMENT FEES ON DEBT / EQUITY

SYNDICATION FEES

Downside-Protected Low-to-Mid Teens ROE ~100–200bps Excess Asset Yield

Fees on Deployment Fees on Origination and Distribution

ATHENE SPREAD EARNINGS

APOLLO FEE EARNINGS

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Bringing Together Product Development and Innovation Expertise

NEW PRODUCTS COMING SOON

	PROPRIETARY PORTFOLIO OF ALT ASSETS	INSURANCE WRAPPED PRODUCT
Description	 Products designed for institutional and retail investment portfolios pursuing equity-like returns 	 Tax efficient annuity wrapper for a suite of Apollo managed funds
Innovation	 Athene's historical alternatives portfolio has historically generated a low-teens return Investing side-by-side with GP Accessibility features tailored for institutions and individuals 	 Uncapped tax-deferred access to leading alternative fund offerings Separate account product with no guarantees

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Merger Drives Capital Efficiency & Flexibility, Not Capital Intensity

ASSET MANAGEMENT

- Very capital-lite, with ~0.50% net balance sheet value to AUM ratio
- GP investments will be significantly funded through Athene's alternatives portfolio

RETIREMENT SERVICES

- · Alternatives portfolio funds origination platforms
- Greater amounts of growth funded by third party sidecar capital
- Excess capital drives ratings upgrades, leading to higher organic growth

HOLDCO

- · Strategic investments
- · FRE-accretive add-ons

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

How is Apollo's Model So Efficient?

MULTIPLE SOURCES OF CAPITAL TO DRIVE GROWTH

SOURCE	CAPITAL AVAILABLE TODAY	FUTURE CAPITAL AVAILABLE
Athene Excess Capital	\$3.3B	Future SRE
ADIP Third-Party Sidecar	\$1.1B	ADIP II Fundraising
Athene Untapped Debt Capacity ¹	\$2.9B	Growth with Scale
Athene's Alternatives Portfolio	\$O	Plan to Raise Third-Party Capital
Strategic Partnerships	Mubadala	Potential Others
HoldCo Capital Investment Capacity		\$15B Target over 2022-2026

^{1.} Untapped debt capacity assumes capacity of 25% debt to capitalization and is subject to general availability and market conditions.

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

All Pathways of Capital Deployment Drive Earnings Accretion

			INCREMENTAL EARNINGS			
Athene Excess Capital ADIP Third-Party Sidecar Athene Debt Capacity	ORGANIC GROWTH INORGANIC GROWTH	FRE	SRE 🕏	PII		
	PLATFORMS	Ø	Ø			
Athene's Alternatives Portfolio	NEW FUNDS					
Athene's Alternatives Fortiono	SEED NEW BUSINESSES					
	CAPITAL SOLUTIONS BUSINESS		0			
Strategic Partnerships	CAPITAL SOLUTIONS BUSINESS + OTHER		②	Ø		
11.116.1	STRATEGIC INVESTMENTS	Ø		Ø		
HoldCo Investment Capacity	FRE ACCRETIVE BUSINESSES					

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Athene's Earnings Support its Own Continued Growth, As Well As the Broader Platform



1. Equates to -\$3.35/share guidance for 2022 as presented at Investor Day plus -\$0.30/share of upside from additional floating rate investment income, assuming the forward interest rate curve as of April 30, 2022, and -\$0.25/share from 1Q'22 alternative returns above our long-term normalized rate of 11% 2. Assuming 18% tax rate. 3. Implied target assuming 600M share count.

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Capital in Motion Creates Earnings

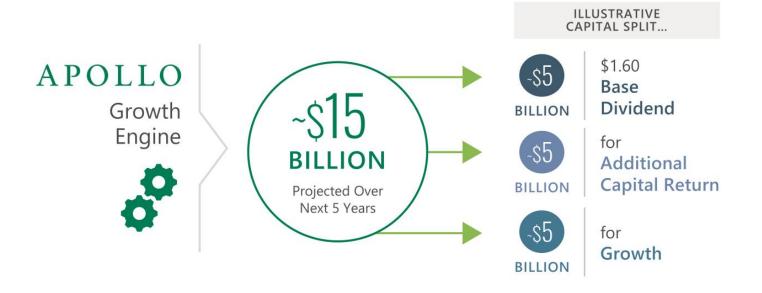
ILLUSTRATING ATHENE'S BUILT-IN CAPACITY TO FUND GROWTH

SOURCE (IN \$B, UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED)	2020	2021	ILLUSTRATIVE 2022E		
Equity Capital Created (Earnings + Runoff)	\$1.1	\$3.2	\$2.9	-	
Debt / Pref Used for Growth	\$2.2	\$1.0	\$0.5		
Capital Creation	\$3.3	\$4.2	\$3.4		
Equity Needed for Growth	\$4.5	\$3.0	\$3.0		Gross inflows multiplied by capital support needed of 8%
Athene	\$3.0	\$2.2	\$2.1	_	
Sidecar Capital (ADIP)	\$1.5	\$0.8	\$0.9	=	Gross inflows multiplied by ADIP's share ¹ of inflows
Capital Return (Buybacks & Dividends to HoldCo / Shareholders)	\$0.4	\$0.75	\$0.75		
Net Athene Capital Created / (Used)	(\$0.1)	\$1.3	\$0.6	(=)	Capital creation less Athene equity needed for growth and capital return
Gross Inflows	\$56	\$37	\$37		Command from the Command of the Comm
Organic	\$28	\$37	\$37		
Inorganic	\$29	\$0	TBD		
Outflows	(\$14)	(\$18)	(\$18)2		
Net Flows	\$43B	\$19B	\$19B		en eller
Annualized SRE Created (at 110bps net spread)	~\$275M	~\$130M	~\$130M		Net flows, net of ADIP's share ¹ , multiplied by net spread
Annualized FRE Revenue Created (at 45bps fee rate)	~\$195M	~\$85M	~\$85M	=	Net flows multiplied by fee rate

Totals may not sum due to rounding.

1. Equity used for growth was normalized for the Jackson inorganic inflows to reflect 8% capital usage in 2020. Using 28% and 30%, respectively for 2021 and 2022. 2. 2022E outflows equal to 2021 outflows for illustrative purposes. APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Projected to Generate Massive Capital at HoldCo



APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

How Did Apollo Fund Recent Growth Investments?

INVESTMENT	CAPITAL SOURCE	EARNINGS CREATED
Origination Platforms		
Foundation, Newfi, MaxCap, Petros PACE, Victory Park, Wheels	Retirement Service Clients' Balance Sheets	FRE + SRE ¹
Strategic Assets		
Motive, Figure, CAIS, iCapital	HoldCo	FRE
AUM/FRE Businesses		
Griffin Capital	HoldCo	FRE
Asia Expansion		
Challenger	HoldCo / Retirement Service Clients' Balance Sheets	FRE + SRE ¹
FWD	Retirement Service Clients' Balance Sheets	FRE + SRE ¹
I. SRE is only created for those investments funded by Athene. APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022		13

SRE is a Highly Valuable Earnings Stream



Recurring, predictable, and sustainable through market cycles



Underpinned by a growing base of perpetual capital



Largely backed by an investment grade fixed income portfolio



Attractive long-term growth profile with a forecasted low-teens CAGR



Increasingly capital efficient with use of third-party sidecar capital

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

We Believe Retirement Services is a Superior Model

NON-TRADED RETIREMENT **BDC / REIT MODEL** SERVICES MODEL Portfolio Non-Investment Grade Assets **Investment Grade Assets** Hurdle 5-8% Hurdle ~ ~2.5% Cost of Funds ~ **High Water Mark?** Yes, Driving Volatility None **Profitability** ~ Cyclical All Weather ~ Marks Marked-to-Market Held at Cost ~ Liquidity Periodic Liquidity None **Basis of Fees** Equity Assets Capital 8% Co-Invest 0% Co-invest Today Avg. P/E Multiple ~30x1 $\sim 8x^2$

^{1.} Represents the average target Consensus FRE multiple for BX and ARES (on 2023E), standardizing for stock-based compensation expense, as of May 19, 2022. 2. Represents the current average target Consensus multiple on APO's spread related earnings (2023E), as of May 19, 2022. APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

FAQ: Are Athene Management Fees Paid by Athene to Apollo Truly Management Fees?

ATHENE MERGER DID NOT CHANGE CHARACTERISTICS OF FEE EARNINGS STREAM TO APOLLO

PAID FOR PERFORMANCE

Athene has generated strong net profitability due to its active asset management partnership with Apollo

- Strong ROE generation drove a 17% CAGR¹ in Athene's adj. book value per share since inception
- ~30 bps of asset outperformance generated, net of fees²

FAIRLY PRICED

Athene's fees are in-line with the market for scope of services provided

 In addition to direct asset management, Apollo provides M&A transaction diligence & structuring, capital markets support, advisory and operational support, AUM management, etc.

EXTERNALLY VALIDATED

Market reception of strategic capital sidecar validates our strategy

- Third-party capital vehicle (ADIP)
 pays the same fee rate Athene pays,
 plus a fronting fee to Athene for its
 sourcing capabilities
- >\$7B of high-grade alpha AUM in separately managed accounts for third-party insurance clients

1. As of Deember 31, 2021. 2. Net asset yield calculated based on awrage stat investment yield on bonds and mortgages disclosed in annual U.S. Hie insurance statutory fillings. Stat investment yield reduced for each company's respective investment fees and expenses approximated by taking annual GAAP investment expenses divided by average GAAP invested assets. Athere's stat investment expenses in Bermuda entities and separate accounts backing pension risk transfer transactions, and to back out the impact of the larger Lincoln and Jackson National block trades during their respective 12 months deployment periods, as well as the impact of PRT transactions. \$750mm that closed in December on yields in the year that they closed.

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Today's Presentation Addressed a Variety of Investor Focus Areas Regarding Athene

FOCUS AREA

Sensitivity to Credit Cycle Sensitivity to Interest Rates Characteristics of Funding

Capital Intensity





Well Positioned with Excess Capital and Resilient Portfolio

Positive Earnings Driver Very Sticky with Limited Risk Well Capitalized and Increasingly Efficient with Third-Party Capital

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022



(In millions)	2014		2015	20	16	20	017	2	018	2	:019	2	2020	2	:021	1Q'22
Net income (loss) available to Athene Holding Ltd. common shareholder	\$ 47	1 _ 5	579	\$	773	\$	1,358	\$	1,053	\$	2,136	\$	1,446	\$	3,718	\$ (1,518)
Preferred stock dividends			12		_		-		120		36		95		141	35
Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interest		5	16		-				-		13		380		(59)	(883)
Net income (loss)	48	5	595		773		1,358		1,053		2,185		1,921		3,800	(2,366)
Income tax expense (benefit)	5.	3			(61)		106		122		117		285		386	(407)
ncome (loss) before income tax	53:	9	595		712		1,464		1,175	198	2,302		2,206	- 10	4,186	(2,773)
Non-operating adjustments																
Investment gains (losses), net of offsets	15	2	(56)		47		199		(274)		994		733		1,024	(2,461)
Change in fair values of derivatives and embedded derivatives – FIAs, net of offsets	(28)	(30)		67		230		242		(65)		(235)		692	(81)
Integration, restructuring and other non-operating expenses	(279)	(58)		(22)		(68)		(22)		(70)		(10)		(124)	(34)
Stock compensation expense	(148)	(67)		(84)		(45)		(26)		(27)		(25)		(38)	(12)
Preferred stock dividends		-3	-		-				2		36		95		141	35
Noncontrolling interests - pre-tax income (loss)	1	5	16						5 - 0		13	_	393	_	(18)	(890)
.ess: Total adjustments to income (loss) before income taxes	(288)	(195)		8		316		(80)		881		951		1,677	(3,443)
Spread related earnings	82	7	790		704		1,148		1,255		1,421		1,255		2,509	670
Normalization of alternative investment income	5	2	127		99		59		91		37		152		(609)	(143)
Other notable items		_	(24)		158		(146)		34		5		(40)		(52)	(39)
Normalized spread related earnings	\$ 87	9 _ 5	893	S	961	\$	1,061	\$	1,380	\$	1,463	5	1,367	S	1,848	\$ 488

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

(In millions)	2015	2018	2021	1Q'22
otal investments, including related parties	\$ 64,525	\$ 107,632	\$ 209,176	\$ 196,405
Derivative assets	(871)	(1,043)	(4,387)	(3,668)
Cash and cash equivalents (including restricted cash)	2,830	3,403	10,275	9,357
Accrued investment income	520	682	962	885
Payables for collateral on derivatives	(867)	(969)	(3,934)	(3,105)
Reinsurance funds withheld and modified coinsurance	(214)	223	(1,035)	2,800
VIE and VOE assets, liabilities and noncontrolling interest	1,073	718	2,958	10,314
Unrealized (gains)/losses	362	808	(4,057)	7,985
Ceded policy loans	(399)	(281)	(169)	(158)
Net investment receivables (payables)		(139)	75	410
Allowance for credit losses		8	361	495
Total adjustments to arrive at invested assets	2,434	3,402	1,049	25,315
Gross invested assets	66,959	111,034	210,225	221,720
ACRA noncontrolling interest			(34,882)	(37,449)
Net invested assets	\$ 66,959	\$ 111,034	\$ 175,343	\$ 184,271

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

(In millions)	1Q'22
nvestment funds including related parties and VIEs	\$ 17,899
Nonredeemable preferred stock included in equity securities	941
CLO and ABS equities included in trading securities	1,203
Investment funds within funds withheld at interest	1,982
Royalties and other assets included in other investments	48
Net assets of the VIE, excluding investment funds	(8,632)
Unrealized (gains)/losses and other adjustments	12
Total adjustments to arrive at alternative investments	(4,446)
Gross alternative investments	13,453
ACRA noncontrolling interest	(1,947)
Net alternative investments	\$ 11,506

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL LIABILITIE TO NET RESERVE LIABILITIES	ES
(In millions)	1Q'22
Total liabilities	\$ 232,442
Long-term debt	(3,287)
Derivative liabilities	(631)
Payables for collateral on derivatives and securities to repurchase	(5,717)
Other liabilities	(1,944)
Liabilities of consolidated VIEs	(6,801)
Reinsurance ceded receivables	(4,648)
Policy loans ceded	(158)
Other	(3)
Total adjustments to arrive at reserve liabilities	(23,189)
Gross reserve liabilities	209,253
ACRA noncontrolling interest	(35,019)
Net reserve liabilities	\$ 174,234

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(In millions, except percentages)	10	Q'22
Total debt	\$	3,287
Total AHL shareholders' equity		11,149
Total capitalization		14,436
Less: Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (AOCI)		(4,674)
Less: Accumulated change in fair value of reinsurance assets		(1,241)
Less: Accumulated change in fair value of mortgage loan assets		(533)
Less: Adjustment to arrive at notional debt		287
Total adjusted capitalization	\$	20,597
Total debt	\$	3,287
Less: Adjustment to arrive at notional debt	9.2	287
Notional debt	\$_	3,000
Debt to capital ratio		22.8%
AOCI		(5.1%)
Accumulated change in fair value of reinsurance assets		(1.4%)
Accumulated change in fair value of mortgage loan assets		(0.6%)
Adjustment to arrive at notional debt		(1.1%)
Adjusted debt to capital ratio	10	14.6%

(In millions, except percentages)	1Q'22	
GAAP benefits and expenses	\$ 2,504	5.52%
Premiums	(2,110)	-4.65%
Product Charges	(166)	-0.37%
Other revenues	3	0.01%
FIA option costs	294	0.65%
Reinsurance embedded derivative impacts	12	0.03%
Change in fair value of embedded derivatives - FIA, net of offsets	350	0.77%
DAC, DSI, and VOBA amortization related to investment gains and losses	10	0.02%
Rider reserves related to investment gains and losses	124	0.27%
Policy and other operating expenses, excluding policy acquisition expenses	(247)	-0.55%
AmerUs closed block fair value liability	127	0.28%
ACRA noncontrolling interest	(87)	-0.19%
Other	12	0.03%
Total adjustments to arrive at cost of funds	(1,678)	-3.70%
Total cost of funds	\$ 826	1.82%
Average net invested assets	181.398	

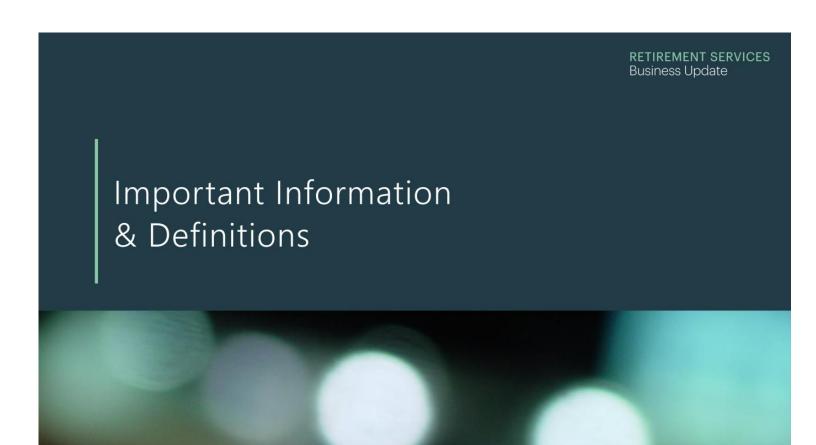
APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

(In millions)	20	009	2021		1Q'22	
Total AHL shareholders' equity	\$	113	\$	20,130	\$	11,149
Less: Preferred stock		-	***	2,312		2,667
Total AHL common shareholder's equity		113		17,818		8,482
Less: AOCI		1		2,430		(4,674)
Less: Accumulated change in fair value of reinsurance assets				585		(1,241)
Less: Accumulated change in fair value of mortgage loan assets		-		-		(533)
Total adjusted AHL common shareholder's equity	\$	112	\$	14,803	\$	14,930
RECONCILIATION OF CLASS A CO ADJUSTED OPERATING COMMON				G		
(In millions)			200	9	2	021
Class A common shares outstanding				0.1		191.9

(In millions)	2009	2021
Class A common shares outstanding	0.1	191.9
Conversion of Class B common shares to Class A common shares	9.7	-
Effect of other stock compensation plans		8.6
Adjusted operating common shares outstanding	9.8	200.5

	2009	2021
Book value per common share	\$ 11.62	\$ 92.83
AOCI	(0.13)	(12.66)
Accumulated change in fair value of reinsurance assets	-	(3.05)
Effect of items convertible to or settled in Class A common shares	-	 (3.28)
Adjusted book value per common share	\$ 11.49	\$ 73.84

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022



Important Information

Estimates and Assumptions

This presentation includes certain unaudited financial and business projections and goals on Apollo's future outlook, include Athene (the "Estimates").

Apollo does not regularly provide future guidance or publicly disclose forecasts or projections as to future performance, earnings or other results due to the inherent unpredictability of projections and their underlying assumptions and estimates. The Estimates were not prepared with a view toward public disclosure and, accordingly, do not necessarily comply with published guidelines of the SEC or the guidelines established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants for preparation and presentation of financial forecasts or GAAP. Neither Apollo's independent registered public accounting firm, nor any other independent accountants, have audited, reviewed, compiled or performed any procedures with respect to the Estimates or expressed any opinion or any form of assurance related thereto. Additionally, the Estimates are not intended to be pro forma financial information prepared in compliance with Article 11 of Regulation S-X.

The Estimates reflect the internal financial model that Apollo uses in connection with its strategic planning. The Estimates are illustrative and are included in this presentation solely to give Apollo's investors access to these financial projections.

The Estimates were based on numerous variables and assumptions made by Apollo's management with respect to industry performance, general business, economic, regulatory, market and financial conditions and other future events, as well as matters specific to Apollo's businesses, all of which are difficult or impossible to predict accurately and many of which are beyond the control of Apollo's management. Because the Estimates cover multiple years, by their nature, they also become subject to greater uncertainty and are less reliable with each successive year. The Estimates reflect subjective judgment in many respects and thus are susceptible to multiple interpretations and periodic revisions based on actual experience and business developments. As such, the Estimates constitute forward-looking information and are subject to many risks and uncertainties to could cause actual results to differ materially from the results forecasted in these projections. There can be no assurance that the Estimates will be realized or that actual results will not be significantly higher or lower than forecast. The Estimates may be affected by Apollo's and Athene's ability to achieve strategic goals, objectives and targets over the applicable period. Please consider carefully the section above titled 'Forward-Looking Statements and Important Disclosures'. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that the Estimates will be realized, and actual results may vary materially from those shown. The Estimates cannot, therefore, be considered a quarantee of future operating results, and this information should not be relied on as such.

The inclusion of the Estimates in this presentation should not be regarded as an indication that Apollo or any of its affiliates, advisors, officers, directors or representatives considered or considers the Estimates to be necessarily predictive of actual future events, and the Estimates should not be relied upon as such. The inclusion of the Estimates herein should not be deemed an admission or representation by Apollo that its management views the Estimates as material information. Neither Apollo or any of its affiliates, advisors, officers, directors or representatives has made or makes any representation to any of Apollo's stockholders or any other person regarding the ultimate performance of Apollo compared to the information contained in the Estimates or can give any assurance that actual results will not differ materially from the Estimates, and none of them undertakes any obligation to update or otherwise revise or reconcile the Estimates to reflect circumstances existing after the date the Estimates were generated or to reflect the occurrence of future events even in the event that any or all of the assumptions underlying the Estimates are shown to be in error.

Certain of the projected financial information set forth herein may be considered non-GAAP financial measures. There are limitations inherent in non-GAAP financial measures, because they exclude charges and credits that are required to be included in a GAAP presentation. Non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered in isolation from, or as a substitute for, infancial information presented in compliance with GAAP and non-GAAP financial measures as used by Apollo may not be comparable to similarly titled amounts used by other companies. No reconcilitation of non-GAAP financial measures in the Estimates to GAAP measures was created or used in connection with preparing the Estimater gives the contraction of the preparable to similarly titled amounts used to such as the contraction of the properties of of

In light of the foregoing factors and the uncertainties inherent in the Estimates, stockholders are cautioned not to place undue reliance on the Estimates. Without limiting the statements made in the prior paragraphs, please take note of the following additional important information.

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Important Information

Fee Related Earnings ("FRE"), Spread Related Earnings ("SRE") and Principal Investing Income ("PII")

The estimates and expectations about Apollo's fees, FRE, SRE and PII in the future depend on many assumptions about future events and circumstances, including but not limited to (i) the assumptions about future fundraising and AUM, (ii) the actual terms and conditions of the Apollo Funds to be raised in the future, including management fee rates paid, (iii) the investment and transaction activity of Apollo entities, (iv) the ability to generate liability growth, realize target returns and target net spreads on Athene's investment portfolio, (v) the variability and level of our operating expenses, and unrealized carried interest may be volatile and subject to material change, and the actual realized value of currently unrealized investments will depend on, among other factors, the value of the investments and market conditions at the time of disposition, legal and contractual realized value of currently unrealized investments will depend on, among other factors, the value of the investments and market conditions at the time of disposition, legal and contractual realized values of unrealized investments and market conditions at the time of disposition, legal and contractual realized values of unrealized investments and a carried investment and carried investments and

Business Growth

All statements relating to the potential for future business growth are inherently uncertain and are based on current market conditions, which can change at any time, and various assumptions about the ability to capitalize on growth opportunities and future business performance. No inference should be made that Apollo (including Athene) can or will grow any of its businesses materially or sufficiently to meet or approach the size of any market or sector leader disclosed in this presentation. See the section "Forward-Looking Statements and Important Disclosures" above.

APOLLO DOES NOT INTEND TO UPDATE OR OTHERWISE REVISE THE ABOVE ESTIMATES TO REFLECT CIRCUMSTANCES EXISTING AFTER THE DATE WHEN MADE OR TO REFLECT THE OCCURRENCE OF FUTURE EVENTS, EVEN IN THE EVENT THAT ANY OR ALL OF THE ASSUMPTIONS UNDERLYING SUCH ESTIMATES ARE NO LONGER APPROPRIATE OR ARE SHOWN TO BE IN ERROR. EXCEPT AS MAY BE REQUIRED BY APPLICABLE LAW.

Performance Information

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future results and there can be no assurance that Apollo, Athene or any Apollo Fund or strategy will achieve comparable results, or that any investments made by Apollo in the future will be profitable. Actual realized value of currently unrealized investments will depend on, among other factors, future operating results, the value of the assets and market conditions at the time of disposition, any related transaction costs and the timing and manner of sale, all of which may differ from the assumptions and circumstances on which the current unrealized valuations are based. Accordingly, the actual realized values of unrealized investments may differ artisely from the values indicated herein

Information contained herein may include information with respect to prior investment performance of one or more Apollo funds or investments, including gross and/or net internal rates of return ("IRR"). Information with respect to prior performance, while a useful tool in evaluating investment activities, is not necessarily indicative of actual results that may be achieved for unrealized investments. The realization of such performance is dependent upon many factors, many of which are beyond the control of Apollo.

Track Record

Track record provided herein is for illustrative purposes only. None of the examples included in the track records is necessarily indicative of all of Apollo's investment strategies or prior investment performance. While Apollo believes that the performance information herein includes applicable historical investments, there can be no assurance as to the validity, thoroughness or accuracy of Apollo's determination methodology. Moreover, while certain members of the applicable investment committee were involved in the consummation of certain of the historical representative transactions described in the track records, the sourceing of these investments and the decisions to consummate these investments were not all necessarily made by the same group of professionals, some of which may no longer be employed by Apollo, nor were such investments approved by the same investment committee.

Past performance is not indicative nor a guarantee of future results. There can be no assurance that any Apollo Fund will be able to implement its investment strategy or investment approach to achieve comparable results or that it will be successful. Moreover, there can be no assurance that any similar investment opportunities will be available or pursued by the Apollo Fund in the future.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

This presentation contains information regarding Apollo's financial results that is calculated and presented on the basis of methodologies other than in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("non-GAAP measures"). The non-GAAP measures presented herein include "Adjusted Net Income" or "ANI", Fee Related Earnings, or "FRE", Spread Related Earnings, or "SRE", and Principal Investing Income, or "PII", among others. Refer to the Definitions pages for the definitions of the non-GAAP measures presented herein, as well as Reconciliation of GAAP to Non-GAAP Financial Measures pages for reconciliations of the most comparable GAAP measures to the non-GAAP measures.

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Important Information

Target Return

Target returns including Target IRR are presented solely for providing insight into an investment's objectives and detailing anticipated risk and reward characteristics in order to facilitate comparisons with other investments and for establishing a benchmark for future evaluation of the investment's performance. Target returns are not predictions, projections or guarantees of future performance. Target returns are based upon estimates and assumptions that a potential investment will yield a return equal to or greater than the target. There can be no assurance that Apollo will be successful in finding investment opportunities that meet these anticipated return parameters. Apollo's target of potential returns from an investment is not a guarantee as to the quality of the investment or a representation as to the adequacy of Apollo's methodology for estimating returns. Target returns should not be used as a primary basis for an investor's decision to make an investment. Unless otherwise indicated, target returns are presented gross and do not reflect the effect of applicable fees, incentive compensation, certain expenses and taxes.

Index Comparisons

Index performance and yield data are shown for illustrative purposes only and have limitations when used for comparison or for other purposes due to, among other matters, volatility, credit or other factors (such as number of investments, recycling or reinvestment of distributions, and types of assets). It may not be possible to directly invest in one or more of these indices and the holdings of any strategy may differ markedly from the holdings of any such index in terms of levels of diversification, types of securities or assets represented and other significant factors. Indices are unmanaged, do not charge any fees or expenses, assume reinvestment of income and do not employ special investment techniques such as leveraging or short selling. No such index is indicative of the future results of any strategy or Apollo Fund.

Models

Models that may be contained herein (the "Models") are being provided for illustrative and discussion purposes only and are not intended to forecast or predict future events. Information provided in the Models may not reflect the most current data and is subject to change. The Models are based on estimates and assumptions that are also subject to change and may be subject to significant business, economic and competitive uncertainties, including numerous uncontrollable market and event driven situations. There is no guarantee that the information presented in the Models is accurate. Actual results may differ materially from those reflected and contemplated in such hypothetical, forward-looking information. Undue reliance should not be placed on such information and investors should not use the Models to make investment decisions. Apollo has no duty to update the Models in the future.

Products and Investments that Have Not Yet Launched/Closed

Certain products, strategies, etc. referenced herein may not have launched or closed, and there can be no guarantee or assurance that they will launch or close in the future. In addition, certain transactions referenced herein, have not closed, and are subject to closing conditions. There can be no guarantee or assurance that these transactions will close.

References to Certain Investments

Specific references to investments have been provided on a non-performance based criteria for information purposes only. Apollo makes no guarantee that similar investments would be available in the future or, if available, would be profitable.

Datings Informatio

Apolio, its affiliates, and third parties that provide information to Apollo, such as rating agencies, do not guarantee the accuracy, completeness, timeliness or availability of any information, including ratings, and are not responsible for any errors or omissions (negligent or otherwise), regardless of the cause, or the results obtained from the use of such content. Apollo, its affiliates and third party content providers give no express or implied warranties, including, but not limited to, any warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose or use, and they expressly disclaim any responsibility or lidirect, incliental, exemplany, compensatory, punitive, special or consequential damages, costs expecial expressions of consequential damages, costs expecial expressions of the information herein. Credit ratings are statements of pinions and not statements of facts or recommendations to purchase, hold or sell securities. They do not address the suitability of securities for investment purposes and should not be relied on as investment advice. Neither Apollo nor any of its respective affiliates have any responsibility to update any of the information provided in this summary document.

Please see the Forward-Looking Statements and Important Disclosures pages and Definitions pages for additional important disclosures and definitions. Historical definitions of certain terms used herein may differ from current definitions.

In addition, information about factors affecting Apollo, including a description of risks that should be considered when making a decision to purchase or sell any securities of Apollo, can be found in its public fillings with the SEC that are available at http://www.sec.gov.

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Non-GAAP Financial Information & Definitions

Apollo discloses the following financial measures that are calculated and presented on the basis of methodologies other than in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("Non-GAAP"):

- "Adjusted Segment Income", or "ASI", is the key performance measure used by management in evaluating the performance of the asset management, retirement services, and principal investing segments. Management uses Adjusted Segment Income to make key operating decisions such as the following:
 - decisions related to the allocation of resources such as staffing decisions including hiring and locations for deployment of the new hires;
 - decisions related to capital deployment such as providing capital to facilitate growth for the business and/or to facilitate expansion into new businesses;
 - decisions related to expenses, such as determining annual discretionary bonuses and equity-based compensation awards to its employees. With respect to compensation, management seeks to align the interests of certain professionals and selected other individuals with those of the inversors in the funds and those of Apollo's stockholders by providing such individuals a profit sharing interest in the performance fees earned in relation to the funds. To achieve that objective, a certain amount of compensation is based on Apollo's performance and growth for the year, and
 - decisions related to the amount of earnings available for dividends to Common Stockholders and holders of RSUs that participate in dividends.

Adjusted Segment Income is the sum of (i) Fee Related Earnings, (ii) Spread Related Earnings, and (iii) Principal Investing Income. Adjusted Segment Income excludes the effects of the consolidation of any of the related funds and SPACs, HoldCo interest and other financing costs not attributable to any specific segment. Taxes and Related Payables, transaction-related charges and any acquisitions. Transaction-related charges includes equity-based compensation charges, the amortization of intangible assets, contingent consideration, and certain other charges associated with acquisitions, and restructuring charges. In addition, Adjusted Segment Income excludes non-cash revenue and expense related to equity awards granted to related parties to employees of the Company, compensation and administrative related expense reimbursements, as well as the assets, liabilities and operating results of the funds and VISE that are included in the consolidated financial statements.

- "Adjusted Net Income" or "ANI" represents Adjusted Segment Income less HoldCo interest and other financing costs and estimated income taxes on FRE and PII represents the total current corporate, local, and non-U.S. taxes as well as the current payable under Apollo's tax receivable agreement. Income taxes on FRE and PII excludes the impacts of deferred taxes and the remeasurement of the tax receivable agreement, which arise from changes in estimated future tax rates. For purposes of calculating the Adjusted Net Income tax rate, Adjusted Segment Income is reduced by HoldCo interest and financing costs. Certain assumptions and methodologies that impact the implied FRE and PII income tax provision are similar to those used under U.S. GAAP. Specifically, certain deductions considered in the income tax provision under U.S. daAP relating to transaction related charges, equity-based compensation, and tax deductible interest expense are taken into account for the implied tax provision. Income Taxes on SRE represent the total current and deferred tax expense or benefit on income before taxes adjusted to eliminate the impact of the tax expense or benefit on income before taxes adjusted to eliminate the impact of the tax expenses or benefit on income before taxes adjusted to eliminate the impact of the tax expense or benefit on income taxes on FRE, SRE, and PII are meaningful to each segment and increases comparability of income taxes between periods.
- "Fee Related Earnings", or "FRE", is a component of Adjusted Segment Income that is used to assess the performance of the Asset Management segment. FRE is the sum of (i) management fees, (ii) advisory and transaction fees, (iii) fee-related performance fees from indefinite term vehicles, that are measured and received on a recurring basis and not dependent on realization events of the underlying investments and (iv) other income, net. less (a) fee-related compensation, excluding equity-based compensation, (b) non-compensation expenses incurred in the normal course of business, (c) placement fees and (d) non-controlling interests in the management companies of certain funds the Company manages.
- "Spread Related Earnings", or "SRE" is a component of Adjusted Segment Income that is used to assess the performance of the Retirement Services segment, excluding certain market volatility and certain expenses related to integration, restructuring, equity-based compensation, and other expenses. For the Retirement Services segment, SRE equals the sum of (i) the net investment earnings on Athere's net invested assets and (ii) management fees earned on the ADIP share of ACRA assets, less (x) cost of funds, (y) operating expenses excluding equity-based compensation and (z) financing costs including interest expense in the perferred dividends, if any, paid to Athere preferred stockholders.
- "Principal Investing Income", or "PII" is a component of Adjusted Segment Income that is used to assess the performance of the Principal Investing segment. For the Principal Investing segment, PII is the sum of (i) realized performance fees, excluding realizations received in the form of shares, (ii) realized investment income, less (x) realized principal investing compensation expense, excluding expense related to equity-based compensation, and (y) certain corporate compensation and non-compensation expenses.

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Non-GAAP Financial Information & Definitions

- · "ACRA" refers to Athene Co-Invest Reinsurance Affiliate Holding Ltd
- "ADIP" refers to Apollo/Athene Dedicated Investment Program, a fund managed by Apollo including third-party capital that invests alongside Athene in certain investments.
- "Assets Under Management", or "AUM", refers to the assets of the funds, partnerships and accounts to which Apollo provides investment management, advisory, or certain other investment-related services, including, without limitation, capital that such funds, partnerships and accounts have the right to call from investors pursuant to capital commitments. AUM equals the sum of:
 - 1. the net asset value ("NAV"), plus used or available leverage and/or capital commitments, or gross assets plus capital commitments, of the yield and certain hybrid funds, partnerships and accounts for which we provide investment management or advisory services, other than certain collateralized loan obligations ("CLOs"), collateralized debt obligations ("CDOs"), and certain perpetual capital vehicles, which have a fee-generating basis other than the mark-to-market value of the underlying assets; for certain perpetual capital vehicles in yield, gross asset value plus available financing capacity;
 - 2. the fair value of the investments of equity and certain hybrid funds, partnerships and accounts Apollo manages or advise, plus the capital that such funds, partnerships and accounts are entitled to call from investors pursuant to capital commitments, plus portfolio level financings;
 - 3. the gross asset value associated with the reinsurance investments of the portfolio company assets Apollo manages or advises; and
 - 4. the fair value of any other assets that Apollo manages or advises for the funds, partnerships and accounts to which Apollo provides investment management, advisory, or certain other investment-related services, plus unused credit facilities, including capital commitments to such funds, partnerships and accounts for investment that may require pre-qualification or other conditions before investment plus any other capital commitments to such funds, partnerships and accounts available for investment that are not otherwise included in the clauses above.

Apollo's AUM measure includes Assets Under Management for which Apollo charges either nominal or zero fees. Apollo's AUM measure also includes assets for which Apollo does not have investment discretion, including certain assets for which Apollo loe arms only investment-related service fees, rather than management or advisory fees. Apollo's definition of AUM is not based on any definition of AUM in not based on any definition of AUM in a control in the calculation of Australia agreements. Apollo considers multiple factors for determining what should be landled in the investment not limited to (1) Apollo's ability to influence the investment decisions for existing and available assets; (2) Apollo's ability to generate income from the underlying assets in its funds; and (3) the AUM measures that Apollo uses internally or believe are used by other investment managers. Given the differences in the investment strategies and structures among other alternative investment managers, Apollo's calculation as calculation of AUM may differ from the calculations employed by other investment managers and as a result, this measure may not be directly comparable to similar measures presented by other investment managers. Apollo's calculation also differs from the manner in which is affiliates registered with the SEC report "Regulatory Assets Under Management" on Form ADY and Form PF in various ways.

Apollo uses AUM, Gross capital deployed and Dry powder as performance measurements of its investment activities, as well as to monitor fund size in relation to professional resource and infrastructure needs.

- "Athene" refers to Athene Holding Ltd. (together with its subsidiaries, "Athene"), a subsidiary of the Company and a leading retirement services company that issues, reinsures and acquires retirement savings products designed for the increasing number of individuals and institutions seeking to fund retirement needs, and to which Apollo, through its consolidated subsidiary Apollo Insurance Solutions Group LP (formerly known as Athene Asset Management LLC) ("ISG"), provides asset management and advisory services.
- "Athora" refers to a strategic platform that acquires or reinsures blocks of insurance business in the German and broader European life insurance market (collectively, the "Athora Accounts").
- "NRSRO" Means nationally recognized statistical rating organization

APOLLO RETIREMENT SERVICES BUSINESS UPDATE 2022

Non-GAAP Financial Information & Definitions (Athene)

In addition to our results presented in accordance with GAAP, we present certain financial information that includes non-GAAP measures. Management believes the use of these non-GAAP measures, together with the relevant GAAP measures, provides information that may enhance an investor's understanding of our results of operations and the underlying profitability drivers of our business. The majority of these non-GAAP measures are intended to remove from the results of operations the impact of market volatility (other than with respect to alternative investments) as well as integration, restructuring acceptance with grade to a comparison of the profitability drivers, as such times fluctuate from period to period in a manner inconsistent with these drivers. These measures should be considered supplementary to our results in accordance with GAAP and should not be viewed as a substitute for the corresponding GAAP measures.

Spread Related Earnings (SRE)

Spread related earnings is a pre-tax non-GAAP measure used to evaluate our financial performance excluding market volatility and expenses related to integration, restructuring, stock compensation and other expenses. Our spread related earnings equals net income (loss) available to AHL common shareholder adjusted to eliminate the impact of the following:

- Investment Gains (Losses), Net of Offsets—Consists of the realized gains and losses on the sale of AFS securities, the change in fair value of reinsurance assets, unrealized gains and losses, changes in the credit loss allowance, and other investment gains and losses. Unrealized, allowances and other investment gains and losses are comprised of the fair value adjustments of trading securities (other than CLOs) and mortgage loans, investments held under the fair value option and our investment in Apollo, derivative gains and losses not hedging FIA index credits, and the change in credit loss allowances recognized in operations net of the change in AmerUs Closed Block fair value reserve related to the corresponding change in fair value of investments. Investment gains and losses are net of offsets related to DAC and DSI amortization and changes to guaranteed lifetime withdrawal benefit (GLWB) and guaranteed minimum death benefit (GMDB) reserves (together, GLWB and GMDB reserves represent rider reserves) as well as the market value adjustments (MVA) associated with surrenders or terminations of contracts.
- Change in Fair Values of Derivatives and Embedded Derivatives FIAs, Net of Offsets—Consists of impacts related to the fair value accounting for derivatives hedging the FIA index credits and the related embedded derivative liability fluctuations from period to period. The index reserve is measured at fair value for the current period and all periods beyond the current policyholder index term. However, the FIA hedging derivatives are purchased to hedge only the current index period. Upon policyholder renewal at the end of the period, new FIA hedging derivatives are purchased to align with the new term the FIA hedging derivatives and the index credit reserves creates a timing difference in earnings. This timing difference of the FIA hedging derivatives and index credit reserves is included as a non-operating adjustment, net of offsets related to DAC and DSI amortization and changes to rider reserves.

We primarily hedge with options that align with the index terms of our FIA products (typically 1–2 years). On an economic basis, we believe this is suitable because policyholder accounts are credited with index performance at the end of each index term. However, because the term of an embedded derivative in an FIA contract is longer-dated, there is a duration mismatch which may lead to mismatches for accounting purposes.

- Integration, Restructuring, and Other Non-operating Expenses—Consists of restructuring and integration expenses related to acquisitions and block reinsurance costs as well as certain other expenses, which are not predictable or related to our underlying profitability drivers.
- Stock Compensation Expense—Consists of stock compensation expenses associated with our share incentive plans, including long-term incentive expenses, which are not related to our underlying profitability drivers and fluctuate from time to time due to the structure of our plans.
- Income Tax (Expense) Benefit —Consists of the income tax effect of all income statement adjustments, including our Apollo investment, and is computed by applying the appropriate jurisdiction's tax rate to all adjustments subject to income tax.

We consider these adjustments to be meaningful adjustments to net income (loss) available to AHL common shareholder for the reasons discussed in greater detail above. Accordingly, we believe using a measure which excludes the impact of these items is useful in analyzing our business performance and the trends in our results of operations. Together with net income (loss) available to AHL common shareholder, we believe spread related earnings provides a meaningful financial metric that helps investors understand our underlying results and profitability. Spread related earnings should not be used as a substitute for net income (loss) available to AHL common shareholder.

Net Spread

Net spread is a non-GAAP measure used to evaluate our financial performance and profitability. Net spread is computed using our spread related earnings divided by average net invested assets for the relevant period. To enhance the ability to analyze this measure across periods, interim periods are annualized. While we believe this metric is a meaningful financial metric and enhances our understanding of the underlying profitability drivers of our business, it should not be used as a substitute for ROA presented under GAAP.

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Non-GAAP Financial Information & Definitions (Athene)

Adjusted bett to capital ratio is a non-GAAP measure used to evaluate our capital structure excluding the impacts of AOCI and the cumulative changes in fair value of funds withheld and modoc reinsurance assets as well as mortgage loan assets, net of DAC, DSI, rider reserve and tax offsets. Adjusted debt to capital ratio is calculated as total long-term and short-term debt at notional value divided by adjusted capitalization. Adjusted capitalization includes our adjusted AHL common shareholder's equity, preferred stock and the notional value of our debt. Adjusted AHL common shareholder's equity is calculated as the ending AHL shareholders' equity excluding AOCI, the cumulative changes in fair value of funds withheld and modoc reinsurance assets and mortgage loan assets as well as preferred stock. These adjustments fluctuate period to period in annane rinconsistent with our underlying profitability drivers as the majority of such fluctuation is related to the market volatility of the unrealized gains and losses associated with our AFS securities. Except with respect to reinvestment activity relating to acquired blocks of businesses, we typically buy and hold AFS investments to maturity throughout the duration of market fluctuations, therefore, the period-over-period impacts in unrealized gains and losses are not necessarily indicative of current operating fundamentals or future performance. Accordingly, we believe using measures which exclude AOCI and the cumulative changes in fair value of funds withheld and modoc reinsurance assets as well as mortgage loan assets are useful in analyzing trends in our operating results. Adjusted debt to capital ratio should not be used as a substitute for the debt to capital ratio. However, we believe the adjustments to shareholders' equity are significant to gaining an understanding of our capitalization, debt utilization and debt capacity.

Net Investment Spread and Other Operating Expenses

Net investment spread is a key measure of profitability. Net investment spread measures our investment performance plus our strategic capital management fees from ACRA, less our total cost of funds. Net investment earned rate is a key measure of our investment performance while cost of funds is a key measure of the cost of our policyholder benefits and liabilities

Net investment earned rate is a non-GAAP measure we use to evaluate the performance of our net invested assets that does not correspond to GAAP net investment income. Net investment earned rate is computed as the income from our net invested assets divided by the average net invested assets, for the relevant period. To enhance the ability to analyze these measures across periods, interim periods are annualized. The adjustments to net investment income to arrive at our net investment earned assets available to reliability of the relevant period. Or entained the above to a large and to a large transport of the relevant period. The relevant period is a large transport of the relevant period. The relavant period is a large transport of the relevant period. The relavant period is a large transport of the relevant period. The relavant period is a large transport of the relevant period is a large transport of the relavant period is a large transport of the relavant period. The relavant period is a large transport of the relavant period change in fair value of reinsurance assets. We exclude the income and assets supporting business that we have exited through ceded reinsurance including funds withheld agreements. We believe the adjustments for reinsurance provide a net investment earned rate on the assets for which we have economic exposure.

Cost of funds includes liability costs related to cost of crediting on both deferred annuities and institutional products as well as other liability costs, but does not include the proportionate share of the ACRA cost of funds associated with the noncontrolling interest. Cost of crediting on deferred annuities is the interest credited to the policyholders on our fixed strategies as well as the option costs on the indexed annuity strategies. With respect to FIAs, the cost of providing index credits includes the expenses incurred to fund the annual index credits, and where applicable, minimum guaranteed interest credited. Ost of crediting on institutional products is comprised of (i) pension group annuity costs, include DAC, DSI and VOBA amortization, change in rider reserves, the cost of liabilities on products other than deferred annuities and institutional products, premiums, product charges and other reserves. Cost of funds is computed as the total liability costs divided by the average net invested assets, for the relevant period. To enhance the ability to analyze these measures across periods, intering periods are annualized. We believe a measure like cost of funds is useful in analyzing the trends of our core business operations and profitability. While we believe cost of funds is a meaningful financial metric and enhances our understanding of the underlying profitability drivers of our business, it should not be used as a substitute for total benefits and expenses presented under GAAP.

Net investment earned rate, cost of funds, and net investment spread are non-GAAP measures we use to evaluate the profitability of our business. We believe these metrics are useful in analyzing the trends of our business operations, profitability and pricing discipline. While we believe each of these metrics are meaningful financial metrics and enhance our understanding of the underlying profitability drivers of our business, they should not be used as a substitute for net investment income, interest sensitive contract benefits or total benefits and expenses presented under GAAP.

Other operating expenses excludes integration, restructuring and other non-operating expenses, stock compensation and long-term incentive plan expenses, interest expense and policy acquisition expenses. We believe a measure like other operating expenses is useful in analyzing the trends of our core business operations and profitability. While we believe other operating expenses is a meaningful financial metric and enhances our understanding of the underlying profitability drivers of our business, it should not be used as a substitute for policy and other operating expenses presented under GAAP.

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Non-GAAP Financial Information & Definitions (Athene)

Invested Assets

In managing our business, we analyze net invested assets, which does not correspond to total investments, including investments in related parties, as disclosed in our consolidated financial statements and notes thereto. Net invested assets represents the investments that directly back our net reserve liabilities as well as surplus assets. Net invested assets includes (b) total investments on the consolidated balance sheets with AFS securities at cost or analyze doest, excluding derivatives, (b) cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash, (c) investments in related parties, (d) accrued investment income, (e) VIE assets, liabilities and noncontrolling interest adjustments, (f) net investment payables and receivables, (g) policy loans ceded (which offset the direct policy loans in total investments) and (h) an allowance for credit losses. Net invested assets associated with funds withheld inabilities related to business exited through reinsurance agreements and derivative collateral (offsetting the related cash positions). We include the underlying investments supporting our assumed funds withheld and modoc agreements in our net invested assets calculation in order to match the assets with the income received. We believe the adjustments for reinsurance provide a view of the assets for which we have economic exposure. Net invested assets includes our proportionate share of ACRA investments, based on our economic ownership, but does not include the proportionate share of investments associated with the noncontrolling interest. Net invested assets also includes our investment in Apollo for prior periods. Our net invested assets is a meaningful financial metric and enhances our understanding of the underlying drivers of our investment portfolio, it should not be used as a substitute for total investments, including related parties, presented under GAAP.

Reserve Liabilities

In managing our business, we also analyze net reserve liabilities, which does not correspond to total liabilities as disclosed in our consolidated financial statements and notes thereto. Net reserve liabilities represent our policyholder liability obligations net of reinsurance and is used to analyze the costs of our liabilities include (a) interest sensitive contract liabilities, (b) future policy benefits, (c) dividends payable to policyholders, and (d) other policy claims and benefits, offset by reinsurance recoverable, excluding policy loans ceded. Net reserve liabilities include our proportionate share of ACRA reserve liabilities, based on our economic ownership, but does not include the proportionate share of reserve liabilities as esociated with the noncontrolling interest. Net reserve liabilities is net of the ceded liabilities to third-party reinsurers as the costs of the liabilities are passed to such reinsurers and, therefore, we have no net economic exposure to such liabilities, such as a such reinsurance counterparties perform under our agreements. The majority of our ceded reinsurance is a result of reinsuring large blocks of life business following acquisitions. For such transactions, GAAP requires the ceded liabilities and related reinsurance to continue to be recorded in our consolidated financial statements despite the transfer of economic risks to the counterparty in connection with the reinsurance transaction. While we believe net reserve liabilities as an enaningful financial and enhances our understanding of the underlying profitability drivers of our business, it should not be used as a substitute for total liabilities presented under GAAP.

Sales

Sales statistics do not correspond to revenues under GAAP but are used as relevant measures to understand our business performance as it relates to inflows generated during a specific period of time. Our sales statistics include inflows for fixed rate annutities and FIAs and align with the LIMRA definition of all money paid into an individual annutly, including money paid into an event paid into the outracts with initial purchase occurring in the specified period (excluding internal transfers). While we believe sales is a meaningful metric and enhances our understanding of our business performance, it should not be used as a substitute for premiums presented under GAAP.

Organic Growth Rate

Organic growth rate is calculated as the net organic flows divided by average gross invested assets. Net organic flows are comprised of gross organic inflows less gross outflows. Gross organic inflows are the deposits generated from our organic channels, which include retail, flow reinsurance and institutional. Gross outflows are total liability outflows, including full and partial withdrawals on our deferred annuities, death benefits, pension group annuity benefit payments, payments on payout annuities and maturities of our funding agreements. To enhance the ability to analyze these measures across periods, interim periods are annualized. We believe organic growth rate provides a meaningful financial metric that enables investors to assess our growth from the channels that provide recurring inflows. Management uses the organic growth rate to monitor our business performance and the underlying profitability drivers of our business.

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